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A study of the top executive conference centers in the United States and an examination of the corresponding corporate meetings market

Howard Adler

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A STUDY OF THE TOP EXECUTIVE CONFERENCE CENTERS IN THE UNITED STATES AND AN EXAMINATION OF THE CORRESPONDING CORPORATE MEETINGS MARKET

AN INDUSTRY PROJECT
Presented to the Faculty of the Hotel School of Florida International University for the degree of
Master of Science in Hotel and Food Service Management

by
Howard Adler

August 1979
BIографICAL SKETCH

Howard Adler grew up in the New York metropolitan area. After attending Miami Dade Community College and the University of Nevada, Las Vegas, he entered Florida International University in its initial semester and graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree in Hotel, Food and Travel Management in June 1974. During his undergraduate years he worked in management capacities in several large Miami Beach hotels.

After graduation he relocated in California to begin a teaching career. He was an instructor of hotel and restaurant management at Los Angeles Valley College and Saddleback College, both in Southern California. He returned to the Miami area with his family in 1978 to complete his graduate studies at Florida International University. He received his Master of Science degree in Hotel and Restaurant Management in August 1979. He is now an associate professor of Hotel and Restaurant Management at the University of Southern Mississippi.

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This paper is dedicated to my son, Chai who at the time of the writing of this paper was two and one-half years old. His unspoiled smile gave me the incentive to complete this paper and continue on to the next step of my career.
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

I would like to express my thanks to Gerald Lattin, Dean of the School of Hospitality Management. He has always offered his help when it was most needed throughout my graduate and undergraduate studies. Secondly, my thanks to those faculty members who offered their advice on this paper. A special thanks to Professor Donald Greenaway whose positive reinforcement made it easier to complete this paper.

Finally, there is no way to thank my wife, Joan for all the countless hours she spent editing and typing this paper.
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INTRODUCTION

THE IMPORTANCE OF THE STUDY

The United States today has become "meeting-conscious." The complexity of conducting business has led to the need for sophisticated coordination of decision-making processes on all levels of the organization. Company meetings have played an increasingly important role in the success and future of many companies. Strategies and decisions are developed at meetings that can determine future policies of crucial importance. Executive training can mean the difference in whether the company will even survive.

Large and growing companies have increased their off-premise meeting budgets annually in spite of the state of the economy. However, the rising costs of travel and lodging have made management monitor these budgets more closely than ever. Thus, the need to use every dollar efficiently has compelled companies to examine newer methods of running meetings and alternatives to the usage of typical off-premise meeting facilities. The importance of off-premise meetings in the United States economy has greatly increased due to the billions of dollars spent annually. These factors make it vital to explore the effectiveness of time and monetary expenditures.
Up until the mid-1960's, company meetings were held in facilities of various design and purpose, none of which were specifically designed for the small to medium corporate meeting. Upon gathering information concerning the meetings market and the corporate meeting planner, certain individuals endeavored to change the situation. This study is designed to investigate this new concept, which will hereafter be referred to as "conference center." For the purpose of this study, the following two definitions will be used.

1. Conference center - that meeting facility primarily marketing its facilities for the small to medium-sized corporate meeting. The center is operated by specialists aware of market needs in as much detail as are those people working for the company involved. On-premise sleeping rooms are not mandatory provided such facilities are within easy access.

2. Meeting planner - that person within an organization who has primary responsibility for arranging off-premise meetings and all other related items necessary for meeting effectiveness. This person may spend anywhere from 10 to 100% of his time in this capacity.

The conference center has effectively satisfied the need for specialized corporate meeting facilities. This study will show the depth of the corporate meetings market and trace the growth and development of this relatively new conference center.
concept. Information will also be compiled on the top centers in the country. It is hoped that by presenting this research meeting planners will become more aware of the nature and location of these centers, especially for use by the small to medium-sized company. Such exposure of the centers will hopefully increase existing demand and enable the construction of new, innovative centers.
CHAPTER I

BACKGROUND ON THE CORPORATE MEETINGS MARKET

A. Numbers and Types of Meetings

In order to evaluate the meetings market, it is first necessary to examine the total number of meetings and the expenditures made on them. The most recent figures for the total number of off-premise meetings in the 1976-77 year are indicated as: ¹

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Meeting</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Corporate Meetings</td>
<td>602,000</td>
<td>81%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Association Meetings</td>
<td>126,000</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major Conventions</td>
<td>11,500</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Meetings</td>
<td>739,500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For the purposes of this study, we are primarily interested in the 602,000 corporate meetings. These corporate meetings are the primary users of the types of conference facilities this study is concerned with. These meetings can be further broken down into the following categories by total number of meetings and attendees. ²

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Management meetings</td>
<td>155,000</td>
<td>26%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Training seminars</td>
<td>149,000</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regional sales meetings</td>
<td>102,000</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New product introductions</td>
<td>60,000</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional/technical meetings</td>
<td>55,000</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National sales meetings</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


² Ibid., p. 7.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Types of meetings</th>
<th>Attendance in prior year</th>
<th>Percentage of total attendance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Regional sales meetings</td>
<td>7,960,000</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management meetings</td>
<td>6,510,000</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional/technical</td>
<td>6,160,000</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New product introductions</td>
<td>6,000,000</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National sales meetings</td>
<td>5,370,000</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Training seminars</td>
<td>5,220,000</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stockholders meetings</td>
<td>5,000,000</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incentive trips</td>
<td>3,790,000</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>270,000</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>46,280,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>100</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

By examining these figures it is possible for a conference facility to market itself more efficiently. This involves a thorough examination by the facility of its resources and capabilities. At this point the conference center could then make a determination as to which types of meetings their property should be marketed towards. This method would insure a proper matching of the facility's size and capabilities and the appropriate group's needs.

B. Types of Companies Holding Meetings in Relation to Nature and Size

Once a conference center has determined those types of meetings it is most suited to handle, it must then study the source of those meetings. A conference center must then evaluate the nature of those organizations holding the types of meetings the facility is trying to attract. The following chart provides the sources of meetings in relation to the nature of the organization holding them.1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Percent of Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business organizations</td>
<td>57.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonprofit trade and professional associations</td>
<td>16.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Educational institutions</td>
<td>9.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government</td>
<td>8.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional seminar organizations</td>
<td>4.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Religious, other</td>
<td>3.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

100.0

The potential importance of such information stems from the fact that certain organizations by nature would frequent specific types of facilities due to the organization's unique needs; e.g.: non-profit versus big, corporate meetings.

In the same vein, a further breakdown of company productivity is vital to ascertain the magnitude of a business the

conference center will be dealing with in respect to the company's dollar value and the number of employees. The following chart lists the dollar volume of those companies that held the 602,000 meetings mentioned earlier.\(^5\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dollar Volume Range</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Under $1,000,000</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$1,000,000 - $4,999,999</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$5,000,000 - $9,999,999</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$10,000,000 - $49,999,999</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$50,000,000 - $99,999,999</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$100,000,000 and over</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total corporate subscribers 100%

For the types of companies discussed above, only 14% had 5000 or more employees. The largest block of companies or 19% had between 1000 and 5000 employees. 16% of the companies, which could be classified as medium-sized companies, had between 500 to 1000 employees. 18% of the companies had between 250 and 500 employees, and 16% had between 200 to 250 employees. The last 17% is comprised of those companies with fewer than 100 employees.\(^6\) This 17% can be a significant segment of the market to increase.

C. Geographic Location of Corporate Clientele and of Conference Centers

The conference center market is in a constant state of flux. Therefore, it is necessary to observe the geographic

---

6. Ibid.
location of attending conferees. The following chart notes the geographic location of conference centers and where meeting attendees originate. 7

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location of center</th>
<th>Northeast</th>
<th>Southeast</th>
<th>North Central</th>
<th>South Central</th>
<th>West</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Northeast</td>
<td>68.4%</td>
<td>9.0%</td>
<td>10.0%</td>
<td>6.3%</td>
<td>6.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southeast</td>
<td>25.4%</td>
<td>48.7%</td>
<td>10.6%</td>
<td>14.4%</td>
<td>.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Central</td>
<td>21.0%</td>
<td>12.5%</td>
<td>38.5%</td>
<td>10.5%</td>
<td>17.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Central</td>
<td>25.0%</td>
<td>35.0%</td>
<td>12.5%</td>
<td>15.0%</td>
<td>12.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West</td>
<td>4.4%</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
<td>55.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>29.7%</td>
<td>21.4%</td>
<td>13.4%</td>
<td>9.5%</td>
<td>26.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Nearly one-third of the meetings were regional, slightly over 30 percent were local, 28 percent were national and only 8 percent included conferees from outside the United States. 8

In order to market the center effectively, it is vital to know what type of meetings are being held in terms of local, regional, national or international category. The following chart will show which types of geographic meetings are held in various centers through the United States. 9 (See page 10).

---

8. Ibid.
9. Ibid., p. 12
Location of Center | Local | Regional | National | International
---|---|---|---|---
Northeast | 16.7% | 53.5% | 20.0% | 10.0%
Southeast | 52.7 | 30.0 | 14.7 | 3.3
North central | 11.5 | 30.0 | 55.0 | 3.5
South central | 7.5 | 10.0 | 62.5 | 20.0
West | 51.7 | 31.7 | 10.0 | 6.6

TOTAL | 30.7% | 32.7% | 28.4% | 8.2%

The above figures show that the mid-continent centers are getting more national meetings because of their location. It also shows that South Central centers get more international business because of their location.

Transportation to conference-type facilities is primarily by air. The subsequent chart illustrates the frequency of transportation used.10

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transportation Method</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Scheduled, commercial airlines</td>
<td>74.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Car</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rental Car</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charter Airline</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bus</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Company Car</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Company Airplane</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Train</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limousine</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHAPTER II

THE CORPORATE MEETING PLANNER

A. Definition

For purposes of this study, the meeting planner, as previously defined, is the person within an organization who has primary responsibility for arranging off-premise meetings and all other related items necessary for meeting effectiveness. A thorough examination of the corporate meetings market must take into consideration the corporate meeting planner. In many cases a meeting facility would be unable to identify any other person with the authority to make meeting arrangements. Therefore, it is important to be able to pinpoint those individuals who are identified as corporate meeting planners.

3. Expenditures for Corporate Meetings

The 602,000 meetings, mentioned earlier, accounted for over 3.3 billion dollars in expenditures. 1.9 billion or 51% was spent on hotel, food and related expenses. 1.1 billion or 29% was spent on transportation, primarily air and 770 million or 20% on miscellaneous expenses such as speakers, equipment, etc. 11 The following is a breakdown of expenditures made by

The above figures illustrate the power the meeting planner has in spending the company's meeting budget. Therefore, the conference center must understand the meeting planner's role in the organization and how far his decision-making responsibility goes.

C. The Meeting Planner's Level of Responsibility

Although corporate meeting planners spend large sums of money, that is not their only area of job responsibility. The following chart shows that two-thirds of corporate meeting planners spend less than 20% of their time in actual meeting planning, implementation and final decision making. Percentages on the chart indicate the amount of his on-the-job time involved in off-premise meetings.  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percentage of time</th>
<th>Percentage of meeting planners</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1% - 9%</td>
<td>34%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 - 19</td>
<td>28%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 - 29</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 - 39</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 - 49</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 - 59</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 - 69</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70 - 79</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 - 89</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90 - 99</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If a conference center is aware of the above information, then the center must also be aware that most of these meeting planners hold another job title accounting for the great percentage of their time. By recognizing this fact the conference center is better able to direct its selling effort towards that meeting planner because they are familiar with his corporate background. Due to the limited time the meeting planner spends in his role, the expertise of the conference center staff in dealing with him plays an increasingly important role.

35 per cent of all corporate meeting planners hold job titles in corporate administration while 31 per cent are involved in sales and marketing for the company. 16 per cent hold positions in advertising, public relations or sales promotion. Although the personnel and training departments are heavily involved in off-premise meetings, only 11 per cent of meeting planners come from various other departments within the organization. 14

The conference center must be aware of the important areas in which the meeting planners have decision-making responsibilities. 87 per cent have decision-making responsibilities in the selection of the actual facility while only 83 per cent have such responsibility in the selection of the location of the meeting (i.e. region, city, etc.). 31 per cent have decision-making responsibility in the matter of whether the meeting should be off-center or not. In the area of meeting expenditures and budgets, 82 per cent have decision-making responsibility. 86 per cent and 34 per cent respectively have responsibility in establishing the meeting's objectives and agendas. Finally, 80 per cent of meeting planners have responsibility in the area of entertainment and other social events of the meetings.15

It is also interesting to note the above areas of responsibility in relation to the amount of time meeting planners spend on them. The following is a list of functions in order of greatest time consumption spent by the meeting planner.16

- Establishing meeting objectives
- Planning of meeting agenda
- Selection of meeting hotel or other facility
- Establishing meeting expenditures/budget
- Selection of location of meeting (city, area, country, etc.)

16. Ibid., p. 20.
Decision to hold off-premises meetings
Planning entertainment and social functions, sports tournaments
Trade show planning and exhibit planning
Rental or purchase of audio-visual equipment
Planning for air travel arrangements
Planning for ground transportation

Each of the above areas is very significant to the conference center in its unique way. The decision to pick a certain area of the country and a specific facility might often come before the objective of the meeting and its agenda is planned, but not always. Thus, it is vital for the conference center to have this understanding so that they may be involved in the stages of decision-making. This is crucial due to the lead time involved in planning most meetings. The average lead times for meeting planners and conference centers for the types of meetings discussed in this research are as follows:17

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Meeting</th>
<th>Lead Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Incentive trips</td>
<td>6.2 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National sales meetings</td>
<td>6.0 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade shows</td>
<td>5.9 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stockholder meetings</td>
<td>4.3 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional technical meetings</td>
<td>4.1 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New product introductions</td>
<td>3.6 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Training seminars</td>
<td>3.5 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regional sales meetings</td>
<td>3.5 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management meetings</td>
<td>3.0 months</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHAPTER III

EXISTING MEETING FACILITIES

A. Introduction

Meeting planners are frequently forced to accept space at facilities so inadequate that they must compromise and lower their expectations. Conditions contrary to meeting effectiveness are routinely accepted as normal circumstances. Thus, meeting planners often receive complaints from top management for some deficiency originating from the facility. Upon holding meetings at conference centers, these same meeting planners and executives found their problems to be almost nonexistent. Correspondingly, their whole attitude concerning the use of outside meeting facilities was changed. Reasons behind this difference will be further examined.

B. Typical Meeting Facilities

Companies and meeting planners interested in holding meetings have a number of options regarding the type of facilities available for holding meetings and training seminars. Following are the most commonly used facilities with advantages and disadvantages.

1. Downtown or Commercial Hotels
Advantages: Located in major metropolitan area with its usual availability of restaurants, theaters, shopping, sightseeing, etc. Usually located within reasonable proximity to major airports with good ground transportation. Might also be located near corporate or branch offices of company holding the meeting.

Disadvantages: Hustle-bustle atmosphere of downtown area not conducive to many types of meetings. May detract from concentration of attendees. This type of large convention hotel often has many large convention groups as well as up to a dozen meetings going on that are not related in purpose to your own. This detracts from the efficiency of the people who are handling you. This type of hotel often does not have the necessary recreational amenities, although it may have a health spa and a pool.

2. Airport Hotel

Advantages: Located in or within a few miles of the airport. Transportation to the hotel is usually very easy. This type of hotel usually gets short, intensive-type meetings.

Disadvantages: Hotel may not be entirely sound-proof. This type of hotel may not have many recreational amenities. The hotel itself may not be close to any kind of outside activity such as the downtown area. The facility may not have adequate parking. Also, the airport atmosphere of constant arrive and departing airplanes is not conducive to a productive, business atmosphere.
3. Resort Hotel

Advantages: May have resort-type, relaxed atmosphere in relation to climate. It may be a specific, purpose-oriented resort with gambling, tennis, golf, etc. There are usually many other types of recreational amenities such as boating, horseback riding, etc. May also be located in an excellent sightseeing area. May be climate-oriented, e.g.: beach resort, mountains, skiing.

Disadvantages: Very little actual business may be accomplished due to distractions of resort atmosphere and activities. The mixture of tourists, conventioneers, etc. detracts from the meeting. 18

4. Other various types of facilities

Other types of facilities that may also be used for meetings are suburban or motor inns, country clubs, condominium resorts, cruise ships, university-operated centers, sporting lodges, etc. All of the previously mentioned facilities often have the confusion of numerous people congregated at the same place for varied purposes. Noise and congestion problems are also present. Many of the distractions are internal, e.g.: poorly-designed guest and meeting rooms, insufficient lighting, uncomfortable furniture, lack of support of audio-visual equipment and poorly-trained personnel handling meeting arrangements.

The major problem with many of these facilities is that they are catering to many different market segments simultaneously. Their main concern is filling beds, restaurant chairs and bar stools.

Realizing the disadvantages involved with hotel-type locations for specific type format meetings, many organizations built plush conference facilities into their corporate or regional headquarters. These have also proved less than desirable because of factors such as frequent, outside telephone calls and other office crises. These types of interruptions work against the benefits of a controlled environment conducive to learning. Another undesirable factor is when the conferee abruptly returns to external affairs such as going to lunch or going home for the evening. Any learning momentum can be easily lost and must be re-established, thus wasting valuable time.

C. Selection of Existing Meeting Facilities

Most companies generally use a variety of different facilities for their meetings throughout the year. The following is a breakdown of the most commonly used meeting facilities.\(^{19}\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Facility</th>
<th>Percentage of companies using facility</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Midtown hotel or motor inn</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suburban hotel or motor inn</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resort hotel</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Facility (CONT.)</th>
<th>Percentage of companies using facility</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Airport hotel or motor inn</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Privately-owned conference center</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University-owned conference center</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Condominium resort</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cruise ship</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sporting lodge/private club (volunteered)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auditorium/theater (volunteered)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

It is vital to note, then, why companies use the above facilities in relation to their location. In choosing a destination a company must first look at whether there are hotels or other facilities suitable for meetings in the area. This item is foremost since, if the area has no suitable facilities, the company must look elsewhere for a meeting location. Since modern meeting facilities can be found in most geographic areas, it is just a question of matching the most suitable location to the specific type of meeting.

Most companies consider ease of transportation for meeting attendees to be the second most important factor in choosing a location. The attendees actual travelling distance is also significant, as is the ultimate cost of the transportation. There are very few meeting sites in the country that are not within thirty minutes to one hour from an airport located in a medium-sized city offering reasonable connections. Many are within the same distance from major airports located in the large metropolitan areas. These time factors are a
major consideration in planning the location. The site should not be on the East Coast if 75 percent of the meeting attendees are coming from the Mountain or Western states. Length and importance of the meeting are two other variables to be considered. If a management meeting is only going to last two - three days, then there is no point having attendees spending up to one hour reaching their destination from the airport alone unless the meeting is so secretive or of such importance that it requires it.

Significant secondary factors in choosing the meeting site will obviously vary according to the type of meeting, e.g.: incentive meeting, stockholder meeting, etc. Climate plays only a somewhat important role as a location determinant. Availability of recreational facilities such as golf, tennis, swimming, although important, usually plays a minor role to the person planning the agenda. (However, evidence is beginning to indicate that this last factor is playing an increasingly important role in site selection). Other areas of lesser importance in the final determination of location are such things as the glamorous image of the location, sightseeing and other extra-curricular activities.²⁰

Once destination factors are considered and location is selected, the specific facility must be chosen. The type of meeting being held would be the determinant as to whether the

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meeting would be better suited for a resort location or an isolated facility.

When a meeting facility is being chosen, specific items must be considered that can either "make or break" the success of the meeting. The subsequent factors are listed in order of importance in percentage rank as to the consideration they are given by a company and the meeting planner.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Factor</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quality of food service</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number, size and caliber of meeting rooms</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number, size and caliber of sleeping rooms</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Efficiency of billing procedures</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Previous experience in dealing with facility and its staff</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Efficiency of check-in/check-out procedures</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assignment of one staff person to handle all aspects of meeting</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Availability of meeting support services and equipment, such as audio-visual equipment</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proximity to airport</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Convenience to other modes of transportation</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provision of special meeting services, such as pre-registration, special equipment, etc.</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On-site recreational facilities, such as golf, swimming pool and tennis courts</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Availability of exhibit space</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number, size and caliber of suites</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proximity to shopping, restaurants, off-site entertainment</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Newness of facility</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHAPTER IV

GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE CONFERENCE CENTER CONCEPT

A. Introduction

All of the previously mentioned meeting problems resulted in the development of the executive conference center concept. The primary purpose of conference centers is to satisfy and accommodate conference groups by offering self-contained, full-service learning and living environments. Due to specific requirements of this market, these centers provide specially designed meeting, lodging, dining and recreational facilities with appropriate atmosphere, accommodations and services. This total meeting environment is integrally designed and controlled by professionals with a knowledge of meeting planning and hospitality management. 22

Many of the facilities used by companies in the past provide for only the minimum of needs. It must be noted that many attendees are top, corporate executives earning the highest salaries with tastes and needs requiring great consideration. Other conference attendees, although not as high on the corporate ladder, also require a high degree of consideration because of

the large investment companies are making in them for the future.

A successful meeting is comprised of many elements. Opinions vary regarding the importance of each area. An average breakdown could be as follows: the program consisting of a skillful agenda and accurate subject focus would contribute to approximately 35 per-cent of meeting success. Effective speakers, trainers and discussion leaders can account for up to 40 per-cent of meeting success. Administration regarding workbooks, handouts, instructions, badges, etc. accounts for about 5 per-cent. And lastly, total meeting environment in which the attendee learns, relaxes, studies, eats and sleeps is said to account for only about 20 per-cent of total meeting success. This study is concerned with this 20% because in past years this area was given very little consideration for being as valuable as it is.

Types of facilities currently holding meetings have been discussed in a previous section. The actual "conference center" is the facility which most completely meets the needs of the corporate meetings market. The corporate meetings market usually holds meetings that can be broken down into three basic categories regardless of the types of meetings they are. The training meeting, which is usually oriented toward smaller groups, is aimed at developing skills and applying knowledge.

This type of meeting can be a sales meeting, an orientation-type meeting for new executives, etc., and is usually run by a skilled trainer. The decision-making meeting is run by an executive with the purpose of developing or accepting a specific plan of action. The last type of meeting is the most general. It can be considered an informational meeting, and its size may range from twelve to several hundred participants. This type of meeting may be designed to stimulate new ideas or just disseminate policy statements or progress reports. Holding any of these meetings in their traditional facility can result in unsatisfactory outcomes due to the fact that the facility handling them, as mentioned earlier, may also be in the specialty restaurant business, banquet business or convention business.

B. Types of Centers

When discussing conference centers we encounter a certain amount of variation because of ambiguous terminology used to define a conference center. A conference center, as defined earlier, is that meeting facility primarily marketing its facilities for the small to medium size corporate meeting. The center is operated by specialists aware of market needs in as much detail as are those people working for the company involved. For purposes of this study it is necessary to further define those categories of conference centers meeting the above qualifications.
The first type of conference center consists of those facilities that call themselves "conference Centers" but are designed and operated like any other hotel. The fact that they use the term "conference center" is questionable. This type of facility is basically trying to capitalize on the new popularity enjoyed by the conference center without providing the expertise and investment needed to be a true conference center.

The next type of conference center is usually more isolated and offers more features corporate meetings require such as specialized staff, more ambience in the setting, etc. It will usually have from 100 to 300 rooms instead of the 300 or more the first center discussed might have. This smaller size obviously leads to more concentration for meeting attendees with group size from fifteen to forty people.

The third type of conference center is true to definition. This type of center not only attempts to remove the individual to an isolated atmosphere but tries to consider all environments within which the individual interacts during the entire 24 hours of a meeting day.

C. Early Development of Conference Centers

The key idea in evaluating the conference center concept is the phrase "specifically designed." The evolution of the

conference center began with the search for alternatives to the hotel's physical and psychological environment in which business conferences had to be held. In the early 1960's large corporations, stimulated by the behavioral sciences and the growth of educational technologies, began to realize that the employee was their most important resource. The use of training, at one time strictly limited to sales people, was directed to all levels of management. Education, in the field of management development, human resource development and skills training emerged at this point. The corporations had concluded that training costs and development were less costly than turnover and that key people switching from organization to organization was wasting company resources. In addition, training could also result in more promotions from within the company, thus giving the employee strong incentive and growth with the business. Companies realized, more than ever, that competition for promotion among employees was directly related to business success. In conjunction with the development of formalized training programs, more specialized types of facilities were needed.

In the early 1960's the Conference Services Company, under the leadership of president Walter Green studied this new, possible alternative for a specialized facility and any other similar meeting establishment. It was found that a need existed for the development of more centers. Hotels, they
concluded, could not handle the small to medium-sized corporate meeting with all its variations and requirements for preferred treatment, privacy and efficiency. This research spurred on the need to explore further various options.25

One of the earliest alternatives started when companies began using their own hunting lodges, country clubs, etc. for small executive meetings. In the 1950's the American Management Association took their management development program to the campus of Colgate University. Also, in the fifties, Averill Harriman donated Arden House, the family estate in Harriman, New York to Columbia University. Today, it is the site for many Columbia-sponsored meetings and courses. The idea of using conference facilities on university campuses was not new, but it was expanding. In 1967 Green collaborated with Steve Harrison, bought a 55-acre estate in Glen Cove, New York and transformed it into an executive conference center using the basic ideas they had learned. The conference rooms evolved from the mansion's living rooms, library, music rooms, etc. They tried to maintain the rooms in their original elegance to provide a home-like aura for the comfort of executives attending meetings. Harrison Conference Center utilizes a concept capitalizing on service and the environment; six successful centers are now in operation.

Harrison personnel realize that most meeting planners are not full-time professionals. Thus, they attempt to assume

as much responsibility as possible. Many times the meeting planner is also a meeting participant. Thus, Harrison tries to relieve him of problem areas so he can concentrate on business. This helps the planner to appear highly efficient. The meeting planner can work with one person from 7 a.m. to midnight who can expedite all details of the meeting. Thus, instead of dealing with different department heads the meeting planner can deal with this one conference planner regarding coffee breaks, food and beverage, check-in and check-out, credit, etc. Personnel attempt to satisfy all needs of the business meeting. Harrison Centers were also the first ones to market their centers in a single package price which included all rooms, meals, audio-visual equipment and service gratuities.27

Harrison has a unique marketing approach in that their national, regional or local sales forces sell their clients on the conference center concept first, and then suggest which property can serve their needs best. The marketing staff does not get involved in finalizing meeting arrangements. Rather, the operating management at each center closes the sale and works out further details. This eliminates the problem of "pushy sales people", the problem many typical meeting facilities have. These people may be good at closing the deal, yet poor at following through on meeting details. Harrison properties are marketed strictly at the corporate conference market. To increase business on a weekend, personnel attempt to utilize weekend, resort business. These two sale functions, how-
ever, are kept separate. Originally, weekend business was simply used to fill in gaps. However, now the number of conferences held on weekends has increased 70 per-cent in the last two years. Many weekday meeting attendees stay over to use the center on weekends for relaxation and use of recreational facilities. In general, Harrison Conference Centers have four patterns of occupancy: Monday through Friday, Monday through Wednesday, Wednesday through Friday and Friday through Sunday.

Many conference centers, including Harrison, have begun leasing space to companies on a permanent basis. The company receives the benefits of the center without having to make a large capital investment. This arrangement has allowed conference centers to smooth out gaps in occupancy by being able to count on certain companies year-round.28

D. Determinants for Conference Centers

A frequent problem, encountered by many meeting planners, in their choice of conference center facilities, comes in the actual choosing of a center. Planners have often chosen so-called "conference centers" that are merely designed and operated like a hotel. Planners have found that these hotels use areas for meetings which are also used for fashion shows, banquets, proms, balls, conventions, etc. Meetings are treated as

appendages of the basic business of the hotel.

In looking at the criteria that must be included in a description of a total environment conference center, the following should be considered:

1. It should be unquestionable that the facility is first and last a conference center on a full-time basis.

2. It should be located in a non-commercial, non-industrial and natural setting.

3. It should provide a large number and wide variety of specially designed meeting rooms.

4. Its services and accommodations should represent a wholly self-contained atmosphere for participants who will be alternating business and relaxation activities over prolonged periods. It should not be a training classroom building with hotel or motel accommodations attached or nearby.

5. The management and staff personnel should be demonstrably professional on all levels of service for a wide variety of meetings.

6. The distractions of automobile, aircraft and people traffic—the competition of noise and movement that meeting professionals rank as the No. 1 annoyance—should be conspicuously absent.

7. The physical appearance should provoke an immediate affirmative response among the participants, creating an emphatic recognition of the company's reason for selecting the site and the importance of the meeting.

8. There should be an immediately perceptible blend of ambience, comfort and utility in the accommodations and services.

The intensity of a meeting will determine the type of facility needed. If a meeting is of short duration (e.g., a few hours) and light on learning, then a local motel could satisfy the requirement. If the meeting is short and people are flying in from various parts of the country, an airport hotel might work. A resort can suffice if the conference is some kind of reward or incentive-oriented affair. However, when the group is under 100 and usually between 25 - 50 people and the subject requires concentration as well as possibly a 12 - 18 hour day of direct and indirect contact, then a conference center is the type of facility needed.

The conference center concept takes into consideration areas previously ignored. People who develop and design these centers want to use light colors or hues to keep meeting participants alert, because they have found that dark colors induce drowsiness. They try to keep room temperature around 60° with a 40% humidity to encourage comfort. Chairs must be designed to be adjustable to suit individual body differences, thus affording a strainless posture and avoid fatigue. The chairs should have arms and be reasonably padded. (Typical facilities use stack chairs which often are only good for three hours of comfort.) Meeting rooms should be square since this encourages
participants to draw together and have discussions. Long, narrow rooms discourage this. Considerations have also been given to ceiling heights for different types of meetings as well as specially designed tables for different room sizes. Hotels usually use air walls that provide flexibility for meeting space. However, these are often not totally sound-proof. Conference centers, on the other hand, tend to be composed of smaller meeting rooms, since most meetings they handle fall into the 25 - 40 attendee range. Meeting rooms are clustered in one area of the center away from possible distractions. In that same area, there is usually a lounge or game room for use by meeting participants.

The smaller meeting rooms in conference centers are often equipped with low-glare, fluorescent lighting and individual control panels that permit occupants to adjust the temperature and ventilation for each room. Meeting rooms also have such features as extra electrical outlets, permanent blackboards, electrically-operated projection screens and closets for secure storage of participants' materials.

The efficiency curve is another area to be examined in terms of planning and timing agendas. Efficiency peaks after breakfast and holds fairly steady until a little before noon. After a lunchtime low, it reaches a second high which is not quite as high as the morning one. This steadily declines until about 4:30 or so. There is a lift after the evening meal which then declines until bedtime. Meetings at these centers can be
worked around particular group efficiency since most centers have only 100 to 200 rooms, and all people at the center are there for the same purpose. Generally speaking, most meetings last between three to five days. During this time the total environment of the facility has been performing in a complimentary way to help the group accomplish its objectives.

Conference center developers have noted that one of the single biggest problems of meeting planners has been the support systems in the traditional centers. Conference centers currently have items such as closed circuit television attached to all guest rooms and meeting rooms, rear screen projection equipment and a total audio-visual concept. The use of video tape allows meeting participants to view their performances for instructional purposes.

In the past, conference center guest rooms have been twin rooms for the most part. However, the center attempts to provide single occupancy for those meetings consisting of top executives. Guest rooms are at least as nice as typical meeting facilities. However, the conference center tries to keep the attendee involved in the learning experience and out of his guest room, although the rooms do have study facilities for two.

The effectiveness of the people setting up the meeting arrangements, contacting the planner and following through is considered the most important item needed for overall success. These people handle the group in areas of audio-visual needs,
and operations, all the food service arrangements, recreational facilities, etc. They are professionals who are not specifically trained in dealing with top, corporate people and not conventioneers or tourists. Conference centers have payrolls of up to 40% of sales to insure that each group has a specific person assigned to handle it. Each center may employ up to six such people to insure meeting continuity. These conference coordinators are trained to provide for a total service-oriented type facility with room for whatever flexibility is needed.31

Conference centers are often found in beautiful surroundings, such as rolling hills. Some authorities feel this is necessary for concentration since the site is away from traditional distractions; others believe this atmosphere can be unproductive. Another area of controversy concerns recreation. Early centers provided for only a minimum of recreation amenities so that meeting attendees would concentrate on the task at hand. Today, conference center planners realize that physical fitness and occasional diversions produce more effective meeting results.

F. Conclusion

All companies should be seeking to achieve a greater return on every meeting dollar spent. It is therefore vital that meetings and training sessions attain their planned goals. The corporate meeting is more important than ever because stakes in large companies are so high. It costs more money to develop

a concept that sells and more money to train management people who have the talent and dedication for the production of profits. These are the factors that have contributed to the growth of conference centers. These types of conference centers provide the remoteness and relaxed place which free participants from deadline pressures, phone calls and demands for decisions. Some of the best known conference centers are housed in unique settings which at one time were estates for such people as Frank Lloyd Wright and Averill Harriman.
CHAPTER V

CONFERENCE CENTER SURVEY

A. Introduction

Data has been compiled on those meeting facilities in this country fitting the description of the so-called "conference center concept." Many facilities, as previously mentioned in this study, call themselves conference centers but are not such in actuality as they often cater to many market segments at one time. However, we have included them in this study. There is also a large segment of facilities holding hundred of meetings each year. These facilities are commercial, resort and airport-type hotels and the meetings they hold are of varied types. It goes without saying that they do not have the proper facilities that other more meeting-oriented facilities have.

B. Procedures

Letters were sent out to those centers meeting the criteria of conference centers, as outlined in this paper. The purpose of the study was explained and a questionnaire enclosed requesting assistance in providing any pertinent information. Letters were usually addressed to the Director of Sales since this person would usually have the necessary information on the facilities and marketing patterns. The intent of the study was
to compile data necessary for comparison purposes. This data could then be compared to data listed in the earlier parts of this study. When necessary, telephone calls were made to secure the same information that was sent in the mail. This was essential due, in part, to the failure of some facilities to respond and the time element involved in completing this study.

Data was collected from approximately fifty different facilities. Some of the following information gathered from conference centers will not be found on the individual survey sheets. All conference centers had at least one restaurant of the fine dining variety. More often, these facilities had at least two and often more restaurants. All facilities had cocktail lounges, many with entertainment of various types. Guest rooms were usually of superior quality, including such amenities as color television, individual climate control, wake-up alarm, small refrigerators, direct dial telephones, heat lamps, etc. All conference centers had approximately 5 - 10% of guest rooms made into suites. The suites were often used for small meetings and contained such things as wet bars, kitchenettes, etc.

Another area needing further discussion is the delineation of facility prices. The majority of facilities had their room rate at one price, an additional price for meals and meeting facilities and additional fees for certain types of audio-visual equipment. The true conference center had one price which included the price of room per person, two or three meals depending on the center, coffee breaks, use of meeting rooms,
standard audio-visual equipment including: tape recorders, phonographs, microphones, projectors, projection screens, remote control cords, portable stages, lectures, easels, blackboards. Many centers included, at little or no charge, use of closed circuit television, typewriters, duplicating equipment and trucks or vans. In addition, all service gratuities are included. Another unique item in these centers is the extra support efforts they offer to companies and their meeting planners (e.g. locksmiths, audio-visual operators, sign display builders, security guards, electricians, etc.

C. The Results of the Survey

All results are subject to a high degree of approximation. The person answering the questions often did not have the exact answers at their immediate disposal. Consequently, conclusions presented will, in themselves, be approximations. A significant point to note in reviewing the results of this survey is the fact that less than fifty per-cent of responding centers actually fit the standards set for the true "conference center." The map and key located on the subsequent pages illustrate the concentrations of conference centers included in this survey. The following is a list of conference centers according to their location.

Northeast 26.6%
Southeast 14.6%
LOCATION OF SURVEYED CONFERENCE CENTERS
INDEX TO CONFERENCE CENTERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Index Number</th>
<th>Conference Center</th>
<th>Page Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Arizona Biltmore Resort and Conference Center</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Asilomar Conference Center</td>
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<td>3</td>
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<td>Colonial Williamsburg Conference Center</td>
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<td>Colorado Springs Hilton Inn and Conference Center</td>
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<td>The Greenbrier</td>
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<td>Harrison Conference Center of Glen Cove</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Harrison Conference Center of Heritage Village</td>
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<td>Hilton Harvest House Resort and Conference Center</td>
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<td>The Hilton Inn and Conference Center</td>
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<td>Hilton Inn and Conference Center at Inverrary</td>
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<td>Holiday Inn Executive Conference Center</td>
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<td>24</td>
<td>The Homestead</td>
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<td>Howard Johnson's O'Hare International Hotel</td>
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<td>and Conference Center</td>
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<td>Indian Rock Resort and Conference Center</td>
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<td>Red Apple Inn and Executive Conference Center</td>
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<td>Sea Pines Conference Center</td>
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<td>Shawnee Inn (Harrison Conference Center)</td>
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1. Results of distance from airport:

Most of the conference centers were between thirty and forty-five minutes from a major airport and usually within five to ten miles from a local, municipal-type airport. "Limo" means arrangements were often made by the centers for transportation from local or major airport.

2. Results of type of facility:

Forty-five per-cent of the centers surveyed were located in resort-type locations. Twenty per-cent were located in commercial or airport locations. Thirty-five per-cent of centers were located in suburban or rural areas. The typical center surveyed was more on the resort side. The true conference center was located far enough outside a metropolitan area to offer seclusion but close enough for good travel connections. Most centers were located in scenic surroundings.

3. Results of recreational facilities

100% of the centers had swimming pools. At least fifty per-cent of them had more than one, and this was often an indoor, heated pool. 100% of the facilities had tennis courts, usually with four on a premise. At least fifty per-cent of the courts were lighted, and the larger centers often had a few courts
located indoors, depending upon the area of the country. Seventy-five per-cent of all centers had golf courses, many with a resident pro and driving range. The remaining twenty-five per-cent had a golf course located at a local country club not more than five or ten minutes away. Many of the centers had such things as boating, fishing and other water sports, if located on a lake or by the ocean. Many had skiing nearby in season. Other activities in common were: skeet shooting, jogging trails, horseback riding, etc. The majority of all centers had health clubs including a gym, saunas, steam rooms, etc. Resort-type facilities offered the most recreational amenities.

4. Results of rate structure

Less than thirty per-cent of the centers surveyed offered American plan meals or any package including meeting room facilities, audio-visual facilities, etc. Less than twenty per-cent of the centers had an inclusive price per person. The inclusive price range was $75.00 to $110.00 for a single room to $100.00 to $140 for a double room. Other types of facilities considered conference centers, rates ranged from approximately $30.00 to $65.00 depending on whether the facility had seasonal rates.

5. Results of original usage of the facility

Over 90% of all conference centers were not originally conference
centers. Many were resorts that, due to location and facilities, have added additional conference space and cater more to that market. Many of the centers had never been hotel or resorts but were mansions or estates that were converted for use as a conference center.

6. Results of how meeting attendees arrived at locations and where they came from

Those centers located in the Northeast and Northcentral areas of the country had the greatest percentage of meeting attendees from their geographic area. Most arrived by car or limousine. The remainder of meeting attendees were flown in by their large, corporate headquarters for the meetings. The remainder of the country used a high percentage of private aircraft coming in through smaller, local airports. Most centers had over seventy-five per-cent of meeting attendees coming from within a 500 miles radius of the facility.

7. Results of sources of business

Only twenty per-cent of the centers had 95 to 100% of their business coming from the corporate meetings market yearly. The results ranged from seventy-five per-cent business, twenty-five per-cent transient and tourist for the commercial-type center to seventy-five per-cent tourist and twenty-five per-cent commercial for the more tourist-type center. This depends on whether or not the facility is seasonal.
8. Results of types of meetings and attendance and duration

Most of the centers reported that informational-type meetings and training-type meetings were the most popular, followed by regional sales meetings and local sales meetings. Larger centers handled national meetings; the true conference centers had more of the training and executive, management-type meetings. Incentive-type meetings were usually held in resort oriented centers. Group size ranged from twenty to fifty and lasted three to four days depending upon the type of meeting held.

9. Results of percentage of repeat occupancy

In those facilities closest to being true "conference centers", the percentage of repeat business was over eighty per-cent. Other types of facilities averaged around fifty per-cent for meetings business. In resort-type facilities repeat business averaged at seventy per-cent for tourist business.

10. Results of pattern of weekly and yearly occupancy

In general, the fall and spring seemed to be the heaviest months for business meetings. In the true "conference center" a fairly constant occupancy appeared year-round. In the more, resort-oriented facility there was a lessening of business meetings in the vacation months, both winter and summer. Busiest occupancy periods were Sunday nights through Friday. However, many centers were reporting increases in numbers of week-end meetings.
11. Results of why companies chose the facility

Most companies reported choosing particular centers for their location and excellent staff and facilities. These companies felt they were being handled by very professional people and given special considerations. They also felt that the assignment of one person handling all their needs made certain that all details were followed up.

12. Results of competition

There were at least five centers that reported they had no direct competition. Many other centers reported their only competition was conference centers like themselves. The remainder reported that their competition was meeting facilities in general.

D. Conference Center Survey Sheets

The following fifty pages are composed of individual survey sheets for each of the conference centers responding to the survey.
CONFERENCE CENTER SURVEY

Name of Facility: Arizona Biltmore Resort and Conference Center

Address: Missouri at 24th Street, Phoenix, Arizona

Contact Person: Patrick McFarland, Director of Sales

Distance from Airport: 15 minutes from Skyharbour International Airport in Phoenix.

Type of Facility: 318 rooms in main wing and with cottages on large desert-type facility with Aztec-style influence.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 12 meeting rooms in total. Grand Ballroom, 92 x 81; Aztec Room, 57 x 54; Paradise Room, 23 x 33; Arizona Room, 26 x 20.

Recreational Amenities: heated swimming pool, 17 tennis courts, 15 which are lighted; 36-hole golf course, health club, biking and jogging trails.

Rate Structure: European plan (with American plan available), single/double $30-105.

Was it originally a conference center? Originally a 5-star resort which began to cater to higher level meeting.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: high quality-oriented meeting facility.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 80% of all business arrives through airport, comes from West Coast, Texas and Midwest. Remainder comes in from surrounding area by car.

Sources of your business: approximately 50% of businesses is vacation and 50% meetings related. However, is seasonal.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: national sales meetings, regional sales meetings, new product meetings, and large association meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: up to 1 week with over 50 people.

Percentage of repeat business: 50% of meetings business is repeat.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: occupancy heavy during entire week.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: very high quality of all amenities and meeting facilities.

Where is your major competition: resorts in Phoenix, Scottsdale and Tucson.
CONFERENCE CENTER SURVEY

Name of Facility: Asilomar Conference Center
Address: 800 Asilomar Boulevard, Pacific Grove, California
Contact Person: Jane Fisher, Director of Sales
Distance from Airport: 10 miles from Monterrey Airport
Type of Facility: 314 rooms located in villas on the ocean.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 25 total meeting rooms

Recreational Amenities: 18 hole golf course, outdoor pool, horseback riding, 6 tennis courts.

Rate Structure: not available

Was it originally a conference center? originally a condominium development.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: not available

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: majority of guests drive in from San Francisco and Los Angeles areas. Remainder fly into local airport.

Sources of your business: 25% meetings business; 75% vacation, resort

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: incentive-type meetings, national sales meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 75-100 persons, 5-7 days.

Percentage of repeat business: not available

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: business meetings Monday through Saturday, vacation business Thursday through Sunday.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: ambience of surroundings.

Where is your major competition: other facilities in Monterrey area.
Name of Facility: Aspen Meadows Conference Center
Address: 845 Meadows Road, Aspen, Colorado
Contact Person: Susan Mac Michael, Sales Manager
Distance from Airport: 1 mile from Aspen airport
Type of Facility: low-rise lodge, comprising 92 guest rooms.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 11 meeting rooms

Recreational Amenities: health club, outdoor pool, nearby skiing, tennis courts, golf at nearby country club.

Rate Structure: American plan, single $72; double $117.

Was it originally a conference center? no, a resort facility

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: not available

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 90% arrives through Aspen Airport from Midwest and West Coast

Sources of your business: 65% resort; 35% business

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: small training meetings and management meetings

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 20-30 people, 4 days

Percentage of repeat business: not available

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: spring and fall busiest meeting months; rest are tourist months

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: small size of facility and Aspen location

Where is your major competition: other resorts in Aspen, Vail and Snowmass.
CONFERENCE CENTER SURVEY

Name of Facility: Carson Inn/Nordic Hills Resort/Conference Center
Address: Nordic Road, Itasca, Illinois
Contact Person: Carol Brooks, Director of Sales
Distance from Airport: 12 miles from O'Hare International

Type of Facility: two ten-story towers housed 220 rooms overlooking a golf course in a wooded setting. Landing pad for helicopters on site.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: two two-story clubhouses house 25 meeting rooms. Magnum Room, 67 x 41 x 15; Oslo Room, 48 x 48 x 18; Helsinki Room, 47 x 36 x 10; Garden Room, 43 x 35 x 10.

Recreational Amenities: heated indoor and outdoor pool, health club and gym; game room and 6 lane bowling alley. 5 outdoor tennis courts, 8 racquetball courts. 18 hole golf course and jogging trail.

Rate Structure: European plan, $37.41 single; $43-47 double; $50-100 suites.

Was it originally a conference center? Center was designed with large, corporate meetings market in mind to incorporate all things that corporate meetings need.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: Facility close enough to Chicago, yet has isolation and ambience to put on excellent meetings.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 75% of business meeting attendees arrive by air through O'Hare; approx. 25% drive in from surrounding areas. Meeting attendees come from East Coast as well as Midwest.

Sources of your business: 80% of business is corporate meetings business; 20% is transient and vacation.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: professional and technical meetings, new product meetings, government meetings and management meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 5 days, 50 - 70 attendees

Percentage of repeat business: 80% of business is repeat

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Monday - Friday and Thursday - Sunday. Only summer months are slower.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: excellent central location and audio-visual capabilities as well as staff.

Where is your major competition: other meeting facilities in Chicago and surrounding cities.
Name of Facility: Chauteau Louise Resort and Conference Center

Address: Route 31, West Dundee, Illinois

Contact Person: Vaughn Holbert, Director of Sales

Distance from Airport: 22 miles from O'Hare International Airport

Type of Facility: suburban resort hotel consisting of 150 rooms in English Tudor style buildings

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 21 meeting rooms and 8 parlors; Great Hall 60 x 121 x 13; Tudor Room 70 x 40 x 13; Normandy Room 31 x 68 x 8

Recreational Amenities: glass-domed indoor swimming pool, 2 separate health clubs, 4 outdoor tennis courts, indoor racquet-ball 2 18-hole golf courses and horseback riding 10 minutes away

Rate Structure: European plan, single from $42; double from $52. Suites $75 - 95.

Was it originally a conference center? Hotel was turned into a conference center by new owners.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: Expertly-trained conference coordination staff and personal touches.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: Most business arrives by limo or car coming from whole Midwest Region and partially from Northeast.

Sources of your business: 15% transient, 25% vacation, 65% meetings business.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: incentive meetings, executive training sessions, medical meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 30 - 50 persons, 3 days.

Percentage of repeat business: 75% meetings business is repeat

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Monday through Thursday are busiest days; however, weekend meetings are increasing.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: Excellent resort facilities and location.

Where is your major competition: other conference facilities around Chicago area.
Name of Facility: Colonial Williamsburg Conference Center

Address: Williamsburg, Virginia

Contact Person: Donald Bruce, Director of Sales

Distance from Airport: 30 miles from Richmond's Bird Airport, and 16 miles from Patrick Henry Airport in Newport News, Virginia.

Type of Facility: 735 total guest rooms divided into 3 separate facilities; a 222 room inn, 200 room lodge and 314 room motor house. Within walking distance to colonial Williamsburg.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 19 total meeting rooms include the Ballroom, Tidewater Room, Cascade Room and Virginia Room.

Recreational Amenities: 4 swimming pools in total, 8 tennis courts, 18-hole golf course, driving range.


Was it originally a conference center? Originally 3 tourist facilities and meeting rooms added in separate wing.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: Not available

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 50% of business arrives by car from East Coast; remainder flies into Washington area and local airports from rest of the country.

Sources of your business: 50% meetings-related, 50% tourist

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: Large sales meetings, government and professional meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 60-75 persons, 3 days.

Percentage of repeat business: Unavailable

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Summer months almost entirely tourists; spring and fall heavy meetings months.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: Good East Coast location, ample facilities.

Where is your major competition: Meeting facilities in D.C. area.
Name of Facility: Colorado Springs Hilton Inn and Conference Center

Address: 505 Popes Bluff Trail, Colorado Springs, Colorado

Contact Person: John Giordano, Director of Sales

Distance from Airport: 14 miles from Colorado Springs Airport

Type of Facility: 126 guest rooms contained in 2 story building, 5 miles from Colorado Springs business district, 15 miles from Pikes Peak.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 8 meeting rooms in total; Assay Ballroom, 66 \times 33; Tiger Room 27 \times 13, Falcon Room 24 \times 14; Suite Room 27 \times 14.

Recreational Amenities: outdoor heated swimming pool. Other facilities available at nearby country club.

Rate Structure: European plan, seasonal, single $21-39; double $31-49, Suites $75-150.

Was it originally a conference center? Combination conference center and resort hotel.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: not available

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: almost all business arrives by private limo from Denver or local airport. Mostly from West Coast.

Sources of your business: 50% resort; 20% transient; 30% meetings.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: regional sales meetings, small incentive groups, professional meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: not available

Percentage of repeat business: 50%

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: spring and fall higher occupancy for business meetings.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: Hilton reputation and resort location.

Where is your major competition: other resorts in Rockies
CONFERENCE CENTER SURVEY

Name of Facility: Denver Airport Hilton Inn & Conference Center
Address: I - 70 at Peoria, Denver, Colorado
Contact Person: Judy Mayhew, Sales Manager
Distance from Airport: Located 4 miles from Stapleton International Airport
Type of Facility: Low rise building houses 202 rooms.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 2 major rooms are divisible into a total of 9 rooms in total.
Recreational Amenities: Heated outdoor swimming pool.


Was it originally a conference center? Center is basically a commercial airport hotel.
Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: Not available

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: The majority of meeting attendees arrive through Stapleton International Airport. The remainder come from the Denver area.
Sources of your business: 50% transient, 50% meetings related.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: regional sales meetings, government meetings, new product meetings.
Average attendance and duration of meetings: 2-3 days, 30-60 persons.
Percentage of repeat business: not available

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Monday - Friday busy days; weekends generally much slower.
Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: excellent location and service.

Where is your major competition: other commercial facilities in Denver area.
CONFERENCE CENTER SURVEY

Name of Facility: Dodgertown Conference Center
(Harrison Conference Services)
Address: Walker Avenue, Vero Beach, Florida
Contact Person: Dave Smith, sales manager

Distance from Airport: 95 miles from Orlando Airport, 35 miles from Melbourne Airport.
Type of Facility: modern villas house 90 rooms spread out over sports complex on 400 acres.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 10 meeting rooms in conference wing; Jackie Robinson Room, Gil Hodges Room, Sandy Koufax Room, Don Drysdale Room, Peewee Reese Room.
Recreational Amenities: 4 tennis courts, 27-hole golf course, 2 outdoor swimming pools, health club and gym, jogging trails.

Rate Structure: full American plan, seasonal, single $75-89; twin, $110-130.

Was it originally a conference center? Facility was and still is winter home of L.A. Dodgers.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: only 90 rooms and yet facilities are on 400 acres, thus creating no distractions for attendees.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: all business arrives by car or limo from major airports in Florida. Meetings business from whole East Coast and southern part of country.
Sources of your business: 100% of meetings, no transient business

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: training type meetings and management decision meetings are specialties.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 5 days, 15-35 persons.

Percentage of repeat business: 90% repeat business.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Monday - Friday, weekend business increasing steadily.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: Harrison name speaks for itself.

Where is your major competition: none in immediate area.
Name of Facility: Drake Oakbrook Hotel and Conference Center

Address: York and Cermak Roads, Oakbrook, Illinois

Contact Person: Rolfe Sick, Director of Sales

Distance from Airport: 7 miles from O'Hare Airport; 6 miles from Midway Airport
Type of Facility: suburban hotel, housing 175 guest rooms on beautiful grounds.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 16 meeting rooms in total with soundproof walls. The ballroom is 110 x 38 x 12. Garden Room 68 x 38 x 12. Glen Room 58 x 38 x 12 and Terrace Room 110 x 27 x 8.

Recreational Amenities: indoor and outdoor heated pools, 2 tennis courts, 18 hole golf course 1/2 mile from hotel, indoor tennis, racquet ball 1 mile from hotel.

Rate Structure: European plan, single $40-44; double $49-53; suites $85.

Was it originally a conference center? Property has developed into a conference center by adding specialized conference staff.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: relatively small size gives it isolation for small meetings.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: majority of business is coming from a radius of 250 miles and much of that is flying into the local airport or O'Hare. 25% is driving from the surrounding area.

Sources of your business: transient business, 25%; approximately 75% meetings business.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: small training meetings, boards of directors meetings and small sales meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 3 days, 25-35 people.

Percentage of repeat business: 50% of business is repeat.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Monday - Wednesday and Tuesday - Friday are peak patterns. Summer months are slow.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: location is far enough out of metropolitan areas to allow for concentration and participation in recreational facilities.

Where is your major competition: other meeting facilities in midwest. Example: Chauteau Louise, Kings Island, etc.
Name of Facility: DUNFEY HYANNIS RESORT AND CONFERENCE CENTER.

Address: West End Circle, Hyannis, Massachusetts.

Contact Person: Kay George, Corporate Account Manager

Distance from Airport: 7 miles from Barnstable Municipal Airport.

Type of Facility: 2 story complex with 250 rooms, spread out over large area. A year-round golf resort located in very scenic area of state.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 22 meeting rooms in total and 7 conference parlors. Tivoli Room, 127 x 81 x 36; Osterville Room, 86 x 45 x 10; Bass River Room, 54 x 85 x 10 and Hyannisport Room, 47 x 58 x 10.

Recreational Amenities: indoor and outdoor swimming pools, complete health spa, indoor and outdoor tennis courts and 18 hole golf course.

Rate Structure: European plan, single from $33; double from $37. Parlors from $70.

Was it originally a conference center? Yes, to cater to small groups that also wanted luxury.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: Many of the ideas are patterned after Harrison Conference Centers.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 60% of all business flies through Logan Airport or through local airport; remainder from car and bus and limo.

Sources of your business: Vacation business, mainly in July and August and remainder of year 90% corporate groups, except on weekends when business is more social.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: Medical meetings, small professional group meetings, training sessions, government meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 3 nights, 25-35 people.

Percentage of repeat business: Very high, unable to give exact number.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: July and August, 95% tourists; May, June, September and October, 90% corporate meetings. Rest of the months lower % for corporate meetings.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: Excellent conference facilities and staff. Resort atmosphere and Cape location.

Where is your major competition: Meeting facilities in Boston area and few around the Cape. However, other facilities not as complete as DUNFEY.
Name of Facility: Fairfield Glade Conference Center
Address: P.O. Box 1500, Fairfield Glade, Tennessee
Contact Person: Jeff Cooper, Convention Service Manager

Distance from Airport: 75 miles from Knoxville International Airport and 120 from Nashville International Airport.
Type of Facility: complex of lodges, condominiums and villas making up 325 rooms. Located on 12,000 acres resort in central Tennessee.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: total of 8 meeting rooms subdivided from large rooms, such as conference center, civic center and fireside rooms.

Recreational Amenities: 36-hole golf course, 4 outdoor, 2 indoor tennis courts, indoor, outdoor heated pools, health club and gym.

Rate Structure: European plan, seasonal. Single, $35-45; double, $40-50; suites, $60-80.

Was it originally a conference center? originally a condominium complex which perfectly fits into the conference center concept.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: conference coordination staff is trained to handle all needs of meeting attendees including recreational activities.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: majority of business comes from states located around Tennessee and cities such as New Orleans, Atlanta, Cleveland. Courtesy cars pick up gas at airports mentioned above.

Sources of your business: Business is evenly split between transient and resort.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: medium-sized management meetings, training sessions and regular sales meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 5-7 days, 30-70 people

Percentage of repeat business: total repeat business over 50%.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: winter and summer months higher for tourists.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: location is central for many different areas east of Mississippi. Staff is geared to handle small meetings.

Where is your major competition: major competition is in other resort in Tennessee, North Carolina and Arkansas.
Name of Facility: Fairfield Mountains Conference Center

Address: Lake Lure, North Carolina

Contact Person: Holly Gibson, Sales Manager

Distance from Airport: 26 miles from Asheville Municipal Airport.

Type of Facility: cottages and villas make up 80 rooms on 1200 acres on private lake.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 5 meeting rooms are available. Main Room, Hearth Room, No1 Conference Room, No.2 Conference Room.

Recreational Amenities: 2 outdoor pools, 18-hole golf course, driving range, 2 tennis courts, fishing, water skiing, horseback riding.

Rate Structure: European plan, seasonal; single $25-59; double, $40-85; suites, $60-90.

Was it originally a conference center? originally a small, private resort until conference rooms were added.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: only a few minutes go on at a time, and facility caters to only small meetings.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: most business arrives by car from surrounding area or comes from Asheville area.

Sources of your business: 75% is corporate business meetings; 25% is vacation business, however this fluctuates with the season.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: small government meetings, executive meetings, professional, technical meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 15 - 35 persons, 4-5 days.

Percentage of repeat business: 60% of business meetings is repeat.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: November - February are slower months. Summer months get higher percentage of tourists.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: small-size of facility yet large acreage of area and expertise of conference staff.

Where is your major competition: other resorts in immediate area.
Name of Facility: Great Smokies Hilton Resort and Conference Center
Address: 1 Hilton Inn Drive, Asheville, North Carolina.
Contact Person: Randy Kinder, Sales Manager
Distance from Airport: 15 miles from Asheville Municipal Airport
Type of Facility: 280 rooms in rustic-style low-type building containing 3 guest wings.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 8 meeting rooms, Great Smoky Room, 140 x 50 x 11 divides into 4 rooms; 7 other meeting rooms by number only.

Recreational Amenities: 18 hole golf course, 4 tennis courts, 4 indoc courts, 2 outdoor swimming pools, saunas.

Rate Structure: European plan, seasonal $22-39 and double, $30 - 42.

Was it originally a conference center? Divided as a combination resort and commercial conference center.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: combination of resort atmosphere and excellent conference center facilities.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 80% from local airport; 20% by car. 75% of all business comes from a 400-mile radius.

Sources of your business: 65% meetings; 20% vacation; 15% transient.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: general sales meetings, educational seminars, incentive meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 40-50 people; 3 days.

Percentage of repeat business: 65% corporate

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Monday-Wednesday, busiest days of week. All months except summer months busy with meetings.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: Good, centralized location, excellent facilities.

Where is your major competition: other resorts in Tennessee, West Virginia and North Carolina.
CONFERENCE CENTER SURVEY

Name of Facility: The Greenbrier

Address: White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia

Contact Person: P.W. Kipp, Director of Marketing

Distance from Airport: 12 miles to Greenbrier Valley Airport and 70 miles to Woodrum Field in Roanoke, Virginia.

Type of Facility: 686 rooms are located on 6500 acres in the Allegheny Mountains. Rooms are in a complex of 19th century building and a 6 story main building.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 30 meeting rooms. Colonial Hall 112 x 135 x 22, Chesapeake Hall 72 x 72 x 22, Eisenhower 60 x 90 x 11, and Crystal 41 x 72 x 19

Recreational Amenities: heated indoor and outdoor pools, 15 tennis courts, 3 18-hole golf courses, bowling alley, horseback riding, trap and skeet shooting and carriage rides.

Rate Structure: modified American plan, single $70, double, $65 per person.

Was it originally a conference center? originally designed as a resort for the rich and due to its elegance and facilities and location, it is also a conference center.

Idea used to make your facility unique from others: idea is to get meeting attendees into the relaxed atmosphere that Greenbrier offers. The reputation of this facility is unique in itself.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 25% of guests arrive by chartered flights or busses; 25% fly into major surrounding airports; 25% take own transportation and up to 25% take the train. Come from all areas, primarily East of the Mississippi.

Sources of your business: average percentages are 60% vacation; 40% business meetings.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: many incentive type meetings held, training sessions, government meeting and small professional meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: meetings usually last 5 days with attendance 40-60 persons.

Percentage of repeat business: 90% vacation business is repeat and 80% meetings business is repeat.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: April - October are peak periods for the entire facility.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: The Greenbrier is so unique that a meeting in its setting sets a special tone that allows important business to be accomplished.

Where is your major competition: no major competition.
Name of Facility: Harrison Conference Center of Glen Cove

Address: Doscris Lane, Glen Cove, New York

Contact Person: James Barry, Regional Sales Office

Distance from Airport: 20 miles from JFK International and La Guardia.

Type of Facility: 133 guest rooms housed in 2 guest wings. Main house is old Georgian manor on 55 acre country estate overlooking Long Island Sound.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 25 meeting rooms located throughout facility. Embassy Room, 50 x 50; Naussau and Suffolk rooms, 22 x 84; the Forum, 27 x 54; Oak Room, 24 x 43.

Recreational Amenities: 2 outdoor swimming pools (1 is heated), 2 lighted tennis courts, 2 lane bowling alley, health spa and gym. 18 hole golf course within 5 minute drive.

Rate Structure: full American plan, single $105; double $160.

Was it originally a conference center? Harrison Conference Services converted this mansion to their first conference center

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: Harrison Conference Center ideas.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: majority of business coming from 4-state area surrounding center.

Sources of your business: 100% business meetings

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: training meetings and sales meetings; management development meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 15 to 30 persons; 3 to 5 days.

Percentage of repeat business: 90%

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: see report

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: Harrison name

Where is your major competition: Tarrytown Conference Center and Sterling Forest Conference Center
CONFERENCE CENTER SURVEY

Name of Facility: Harrison Conference Center of Heritage Village

Address: The Village Green, Heritage Village, Southbury, Connecticut

Contact Person: Ted McCallum, Assistant Sales Manager

Distance from Airport: 90 miles north of New York, 35 north of Bradley International Airport, Hartford.

Type of Facility: 121 guest rooms in rustic buildings.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 20 meeting rooms in separate 2-story wing. The Lincoln Room, 32 x 74; Madison and Jefferson Room, 27 x 40; Grant Room, 32 x 20 and Jackson, Washington, Roosevelt, Hamilton, 20 x 25.

Recreational Amenities: heated outdoor swimming pool, health club with gym, billiard room, 2 lighted tennis courts, 18-hole golf course.

Rate Structure: full American plan, single $105; double $156;

Was it originally a conference center? originally part of condominium development; guest rooms used to house potential buyers.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: ideas of Harrison Conference Services.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 50% of meeting attendees arrive from Metropolitan area of New York. Remainder of guests flown in from East Coast and rest of country.

Sources of your business: 100% corporate meetings.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: training meetings and management meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 15-30 persons, 4 days.

Percentage of repeat business: 90% repeat business

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: see report

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: Harrison name

Where is your major competition: none in immediate area.
Name of Facility:  Harrison Conference Center of Lake Bluff

Address:  Green Bay Road, Lake Bluff, Illinois

Contact Person:  Daniel O'Malley, General Manager

Distance from Airport:  30 minutes from O'Hare Airport.

Type of Facility:  130-acre estate, 3-story Mediterranean Villa with 84 guest rooms.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms:  11 meeting rooms; Great Hall, 35 x 70 x 53; Hunt Room, 35 x 45 x 16; Marble Room 25 x 35 x 16; Library, 24 x 41 x 12.

Recreational Amenities:  outdoor heated swimming pool, all lawn sports and golf driving range. 2 tennis courts, 5 minutes from 2 golf courses.

Rate Structure:  full American plan, single $96; twin $138.

Was it originally a conference center?  former estate converted into conference center.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: ideas of Harrison Conference Services.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: majority of business comes from Midwest areas, specifically Chicago. However, companies from all U.S. fly people in.

Sources of your business:  100% corporate meetings

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility:  training type meetings and management decision meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings:  15-30 people, 4 days.

Percentage of repeat business:  90% repeat business

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Monday through Friday (see report) with weekend business increasing.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return:  Harrison name

Where is your major competition:  none in immediate area
Name of Facility: Hilton Harvest House Resort and Conference Center
Address: 1345 28th Street, Boulder, Colorado
Contact Person: Jan Intine, Sales Representative
Distance from Airport: 30 miles from Stapleton International Airport, Denver
Type of Facility: high-rise hotel containing 286 rooms, located in the center of Boulder, Colorado.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 9 meeting rooms which include Grand Ball Room which can be further broken down; Grand Ball Room, 84 x 66; Centennial Room, 70 x 25; Canyon Room, 35 x 34; Flagstaff Room, 35 x 33
Recreational Amenities: 5 heated pools, 11 racquetball courts, health club and gym, 15 tennis courts, jogging trail.

Rate Structure: European plan, single $33-40; double $41-46; suite, $90 and up.

Was it originally a conference center? designed as a combination midtown and resort hotel with special emphasis for meetings.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: not available.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 75% of all business arrives through Denver area; remainder takes alternative forms of transportation - cars, busses, etc.

Sources of your business: 30% resort, 70% transient or meetings business.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: regional sales meetings, medical meetings, professional and technical meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 50 to 75, 3-4 days

Percentage of repeat business: 50% of meetings business is repeat

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: winter months slower for business meetings but high for resort business. Weekends generally slower for meetings.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: location far enough out of Denver to offer isolation yet good locations. Staff is well-trained in conference coordination.

Where is your major competition: Meeting facilities in Denver, Aspen and Vail.
CONFERENCE CENTER SURVEY

Name of Facility: THE HILTON INN AND CONFERENCE CENTER

Address: 1901 University Blvd., Albuquerque, New Mexico

Contact Person: Mark Stein, Director of Sales

Distance from Airport: 7 miles from Sunport Airport

Type of Facility: midtown hotel, consisting of 12 story building housing 462 guest rooms. Outside-type rooms are villas and cabanas.


Recreational Amenities: heated outdoor and indoor pool, health spa, two tennis courts and skiing nearby.

Rate Structure: European plan, single $30-39; double $38-47. Suites $75-175.

Was it originally a conference center? Designed as a midtown luxury hotel to cater to all types of meetings.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: combines two worlds of downtown and resort-type atmospheres.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 65% of total meeting attendees arrive by air; 30% by car. Majority arrive from Pacific states and entire Southeast section. Certain groups from Texas and Mexico.

Sources of your business: 30% tourist and travellers; 10% transient; 60% business meetings.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: regional sales meetings, management meetings, small incentive meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 3 days; approximately 50 people.

Percentage of repeat business: 65%

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Monday - Thursday; Friday - Sunday. Only slow times of the year are July and August and December and January, for corporate meetings.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: Easy access of location and many different types of meeting facilities.

Where is your major competition: Resorts on outskirts of city and hotels and resorts in Phoenix and Tucson.
CONFERENCE CENTER SURVEY

Name of Facility: Hilton Inn and Conference Center at Inverrary

Address: 3501 Inverrary Blvd, Ft. Lauderdale, Florida

Contact Person: Art Cohen, Director of Sales and Marketing

Distance from Airport: 22 miles to Ft. Lauderdale International Airport; 35 miles from Miami International Airport

Type of Facility: 209 rooms in an 8-story, modern building, located in the suburbs of Ft. Lauderdale.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 12 meeting rooms are on 1 floor in a separate wing. Biscayne and Inverrary Room, New England and Empire Room are 48 x 32 x 12; Capital and Great Lakes Room, Niagara Rooms are 24 x 24 x 12.

Recreational Amenities: Outdoor swimming pool, health club with gym, golf course and driving ranges, 30 tennis courts

Rate Structure: American plan, seasonal, single from $90; double from $70 per person.

Was it originally a conference center? Specifically designed to cater to corporate meetings.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: relaxed atmosphere with plenty of recreation with high-quality meeting rooms and audio-visual capabilities.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: Conference center just opened up in early 1979; figures not available.

Sources of your business: Early indications show many meetings held by international companies and from companies located along eastern seaboard.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: No data available as yet.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: No data available at present.

Percentage of repeat business: No data available at present.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: No data available at present.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: Superior audio-visual capabilities and excellent location, especially for winter meetings.

Where is your major competition: A few of the better resorts in the state of Florida.
Name of Facility: Hilton Shanty Creek Resort and Conference Center

Address: P.O. Box 355, Bellaire, Michigan

Contact Person: Pat Savant, Director of Sales

Distance from Airport: 35 miles north of Cherry County Airport in Traverse City, approx. 200 miles north of Detroit and Chicago.

Type of Facility: 123 total guest rooms located in modern, lodge-type buildings on 1262 acres of natural woodlands bordering on Lake Michigan.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 3 meeting rooms divided into 6, the Belaire Room, 110 x 46; Top Deck Room, 34 x 50 (east and west), Founders Room, 35 x 30.

Recreational Amenities: heated outdoor pool, 350' private beach, 2 tennis courts, 18-hole golf course and skiing nearby.

Rate Structure: European plan, seasonal (American plan available) Single, $30-55; double, $35-60; Suites, $57-90.

Was it originally a conference center? designed to be a resort and conference center.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: seclusion needed and recreational amenities necessary

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: much of business arrives through small, local airports in area. Remainder of business takes limos and private cars from Lansing, Michigan, Grand Rapids and Flint.

Sources of your business: summer and winter, 75% vacation business. Rest of year percent is approx. 50-50.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: small incentiv meetings, training and executive meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 5 days, 35 people

Percentage of repeat business: 60% vacation business, 40% meetings business is repeat.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: see above

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: Hilton name and necessary seclusion of facilities; special staff treatment.

Where is your major competition: none in above area.
Name of Facility: Holiday Inn Executive Conference Center

Address: 11200 E. Goodman Road, Olive Branch, Mississippi

Contact Person: Tom Johnson, General Manager

Distance from Airport: 15 miles south of Memphis International Airport.

Type of Facility: 175 rooms situated on 88 acres with a private lake. The 4 story building is of the modern school of architecture. The facility is isolated from the congestion of the big city but close enough for good connections.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 16 meeting rooms in total. Grand Hall 35 x 72 x 12, 6 classrooms are 26 x 25 x 12, 4 meeting rooms are 18 x 24 x 8 and 4 conference rooms are 18 x 18 x 12.

Recreational Amenities: Heated outdoor pool, private lake for fishing, 18 hole golf course, 4 lighted tennis courts, health spa and game room.

Rate Structure: American Plan, Single $ 55, Double $90 and a Suite for 1 or 2 people $89 - 150.

Was it originally a conference center? Center was originally Holidays Inns training site for it's management training and was being only partially used. Was perfect for a conference center. Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: Since the facility was originally designed for teaching and training it is perfect for meetings that need top notch audio visual equipment.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: Center was only converted to a full time conference center less than a year ago so many facts are incomplete.

Sources of your business: The center is aiming at a certain percentage of usage by the Holiday Inn Company and the rest will be the corporate meetings market.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: Center is attempting to concentrate on training meetings or all types, and sales type meetings

Average attendance and duration of meetings: Not available yet.

Percentage of repeat business: They are looking at a figure of over 50%

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Although Monday through Thursday will be the busy periods for meetings, the center will try to book more weekend meetings.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: Excellent audio visual facilities, and staff to back them up. Excellent mid country location and connections in Memphis.

Where is your major competition: None in immediate area.
Name of Facility: The Homestead

Address: Hot Springs, Virginia

Contact Person: Sam Zabawsky

Distance from Airport: 75 miles from Roanoke, Virginia, Woodrum Field Airport; 17 miles from Ingalls Field Airport

Type of Facility: Georgian-style hotel containing 694 rooms in a main building and cottages. Located on 16,000 acres in the heart of Virginia Alleghenys.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 25 meeting rooms in the main building and conference complex. Commonwealth Room, 85 x 85; Conference Center Room, 128 x 83; Empire room, 91 x 34; 4 rooms each 19 x 31.

Recreational Amenities: 3-18 hole golf courses, 15 tennis courts, heated outdoor and indoor pool, fishing, horseback riding, skeet and trap shooting, skiing and ice skating.

Rate Structure: American plan, single $68-88; double $136-144; special low rates November to March.

Was it originally a conference center? Originally a resort for the rich.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: All the amenity of a luxury resort combined with expertise of meeting staff.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: Most business arrives by private limo or car. Meeting attendees come from all over East Coast and Midwest.

Sources of your business: Seasonal, on the average approximately 65%; 35% meetings related.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: National Sales meetings, regional sales meetings, large association meetings, week-long training meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 75 to 100, 5-7 days.

Percentage of repeat business: 75% vacation business repeat; 50% of meetings business is repeat.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: November-March better meeting months; rest of the year has higher % of resort guests.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: reputation of very high quality facility.

Where is your major competition: resorts and facilities like the Greenbrier.
Name of Facility: Howard Johnson's O'Hare International Hotel and Conference Center
Address: 10249 West Irving Park Road, Schiller Park, O'Hare Airport Chicago, Illinois.
Contact Person: A. Shaikh, General Manager & Director of Sales

Distance from Airport: situated on southeast corner of O'Hare airport and 3 minutes from all terminals.
Type of Facility: airport hotel with 7-story ultramodern hotel house 300 guest rooms. 13 miles from downtown Chicago.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 13 meeting rooms. International Ballroom, 83 x 55 x 17; Court Room, 51 x 23 x 16; 4 rooms each, 29 x 28 x 9 and 4 rooms each, 25 x 16 x 9.

Recreational Amenities: heated indoor pool and 1 wading pool. Health exercise club with two saunas.

Rate Structure: Year-round, European plan, single $48 and up; doubles $58 and up; suites $95 and up.

Was it originally a conference center? Designed to be an airport hotel that would cater to the corporate meetings market.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: hotel is situated on airport site and yet the atmosphere seems like a conference center. Audio visual capabilities are excellent and staff is trained in all area of meetings expertise.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 75% of meeting attendees arrive through O'Hare and the other 25% drive in from surrounding areas.

Sources of your business: 50% of meetings business is transient; 50% is meetings business.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: regional sales meetings, new product meetings, short sales meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 40 to 50 persons, 2 days.

Percentage of repeat business: unable to provide information.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Monday - Wednesday, Wednesday - Friday, Thursday - Saturday. Business slower in summer months.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: location, staff and facilities

Where is your major competition: conference-center type meeting facilities in area.
Name of Facility: Indian Rock Resort and Conference Center
Address: P.O. Box 300F, Fairfield Bay, Arkansas
Contact Person: Richard Lumsden, Director of Sales
Distance from Airport: 80 Northeast of Little Rock Airport
Type of Facility: large resort-type complex, spread out over 1000 acres.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: total number of meeting rooms is 14. However no other information was sent.

Recreational Amenities: large, private lake has beach, boating, fishing and water sports. Golf course, health club, outdoor pool and tennis courts.

Rate Structure: singles from $47; doubles from $51.

Was it originally a conference center? No, originally designed as resort with conference idea catching on later.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: seclusion, full amenities for all meetings.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 50% travel into Little Rock airport and take shuttle to facility; remainder takes private cars or private planes from areas such as Texas, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Kentucky, Ohio, etc. Sources of your business: summer is all vacation; remainder of month are 50-50 mixture of vacationers and company meetings.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: large sales meetings, training meetings, large management meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 40 - 65 people; 4-5 days.

Percentage of repeat business: 80% vacation; 50% corporate

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Monday through Thursday busiest days of week; heavy business months are March, April, May September, October.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: size of facility enables each group to have privacy and central location of facility.

Where is your major competition: none in immediate area
CONFERENCE CENTER SURVEY

Name of Facility: Kings Island Inn Conference Center
Address: 5691 Kings Island Drive, Mason, Ohio.
Contact Person: Guy Bising, Sales Manager
Distance from Airport: 35 north of Cincinnati Airport
Type of Facility: 285 rooms in 6-story building. Suburban-type facility.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 6 meeting rooms in total.

Recreational Amenities: 6 tennis courts, outdoor pool, game room, golf course nearby.

Rate Structure: European plan, rates unavailable.

Was it originally a conference center? originally a suburban motel which was turned into conference center with addition of meeting rooms.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: unavailable

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: majority of business from Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, Pennsylvania. Majority drive in from surrounding areas, mentioned above.

Sources of your business: 40% transient, 40% business related, 20% resort and vacation.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: regional sale meetings, small training sessions, management meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 3 days, 25-40 persons

Percentage of repeat business: unavailable

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Monday-Thursday heavy time. December-February slower meeting times.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: central geographic location, excellent facilities.

Where is your major competition: other conference facilities in Ohio, Illinois.
CONFERENCE CENTER SURVEY

Name of Facility: Lion Square Lodge & Conference Center

Address: P.O. Box 2339, Vail, Colorado

Contact Person: Sam Madden, Convention Services Manager

Distance from Airport: 110 miles from Stapleton International Airport; 10 miles from Vail's Avon Airport

Type of Facility: 160 rooms, most of which in condominiums, 4 blocks from Vail Village, overlooking Gore Creek.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: portable walls provide for 6 meeting rooms Gore Creek East and West, Downhill, Downhill Slalom, Downhill Free Style.

Recreational Amenities: 2 outdoor heated swimming pools, 3 tennis courts and golf course are 1/2 mile away in Vail Municipal golf course. Skiing and hiking in season

Rate Structure: European plan, seasonal; single $30-50; double $36-55; suites $100-200.

Was it originally a conference center? originally a condominium development with meeting rooms added.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: not available

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: most business arrives from local airport or bus or limo from Denver. Coming from entire West Coast and some from East Coast.

Sources of your business: fall and spring, 50% business meetings rest of the year much less.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: government meetings, small management training meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 15 - 30 persons, 4-5 days.

Percentage of repeat business: unable to provide information.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: fall and spring busineest meetings month; rest are heaviest tourists months.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: serenity of surroundings, budget prices for facilities

Where is your major competition: similar resort and conference centers throughout Rockies.
Name of Facility: National Conference Center

Address: Monmouth Street, East Windsor, New Jersey

Contact Person: Coleman Finkel, Executive Director

Distance from Airport: 35 miles from Newark International Airport

Type of Facility: commercial type of facility with 209 guest rooms attached in a local Hilton.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: total number, 23.

Recreational Amenities: game room, golf, pool, sauna and tennis

Rate Structure: unavailable

Was it originally a conference center? specifically designed for that purpose.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: highest quality audio-visual and conference staff available.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 75% of business comes from East Coast companies; those meeting attendees not living in N.Y. metropolitan area flown in by companies.

Sources of your business: 100% corporate meetings business

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: training meetings, sales meetings, executive decision meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 3-5 days, 35-50 people.

Percentage of repeat business: 75%

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Monday-Wednesday, Tuesday-Friday. All months heavy, except vacation periods.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: well-known reputation.

Where is your major competition: other conference centers on East Coast
Name of Facility: Otter Crest Resort and Conference Center

Address: P.O. Box 50, Otter Rock, Oregon

Contact Person: Bonnie Holly, director of sales

Distance from Airport: 30 minutes from Newport Municipal Airport

Type of Facility: low-rise lodges house 300 rooms on bluff surrounded by ocean

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: separate conference wing houses 5 meeting rooms. Conference Center meeting room, 75 x 120; Room A, B, and C 25 x 40.

Recreational Amenities: heated outdoor pool, private beach, 2 tennis courts, fishing, golf at nearby country club.

Rate Structure: European plan, single $35-40; double $40-45; suites $75-100.

Was it originally a conference center? originally a resort

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: located on bluff.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 90% business arrives by limo or private car, from West Coast

Sources of your business: 70% resort, 30% business

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: incentive meetings, government and professional meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 60-75 people; 5-7 days

Percentage of repeat business: not available

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: October-March busiest meeting months.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: beautiful, secluded location, expert conference staff

Where is your major competition: none in surrounding area
Name of Facility: Pajaro Dunes Conference Center

Address: 2661 Beach Road, Watsonville, California

Contact Person: Marylou Daw, sales manager

Distance from Airport: 25 miles from Monterey Airport, 35 miles from San Jose Airport, 73 miles from San Francisco International Airport.

Type of Facility: 143 modern condominiums with from 1 to 6 bedrooms totaling 360 rooms on 150 acres on stretch of beach on Monterey Bay.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: larger, condominium living areas can accommodate small, group meetings. Other meeting rooms are South Hall, 40 x 30 x 12, Cyprus, 40 x 56 x 12 and Lagoon, 44 x 65 x 12, 4 other rooms, each 24 x 18 x 12.

Recreational Amenities: mile long private beach, 17 outdoor tennis courts, 5 miles to Pajaro Valley Golf Course.

Rate Structure: American Plan, single $55 - 80; double, $100-130.

Was it originally a conference center? Was originally a condominium vacation center.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: Meetings are isolated enough for total seclusion, yet provisions are made for all meeting needs.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: Most all business must drive in from either Los Angeles or San Francisco or fly in from local airport. Meetings are coming from entire Pacific Coast, Hawaii and Midwest.

Sources of your business: 75% vacation and 25% meetings on the average. Figures vary during summer month and winter months.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: small training meetings. Top level management decision meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 5 days and 25 people

Percentage of repeat business: 75% of all meetings business is repeat and 90% of all vacation business is repeat.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: See above figures

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: Isolation for important meetings and beauty of facility.

Where is your major competition: Other facilities on Monterey peninsula.
CONFERENCE CENTER SURVEY

Name of Facility: Prospector Square Ski and Conference Center

Address: P.O. Box 1698, Park City, Utah

Contact Person: Janet Casey, Sales Manager

Distance from Airport: 30 miles from Salt Lake City International Airport

Type of Facility: 311 guest rooms with kitchenettes in a 2-story building, located in middle of Park City ski area.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 14 meeting rooms. Prospector Theater, 85 x 50; Silver King Rooms, (4 rooms), 80 x 30 x 9; Coalition Rooms (4) 30 x 20 x 9.

Recreational Amenities: full athletic club and heated pool, 4 racquet ball courts; skiing, golf and tennis located nearby; back-packing, water skiing, boating and fishing nearby.

Rate Structure: European plan, seasonal; single $24 - 34; double $28 - 39.

Was it originally a conference center? Originally designed as a ski resort and then meeting rooms added.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: Meeting supports systems.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: Most business flies into Salt Lake City and arrives by car or limo. Most business coming from West Coast, growing amounts coming from Midwest.

Sources of your business: vacation business accounts for 60% while meetings business is 40% and growing. Winter season is 95% vacation.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: incentive meetings, large sales meetings, large association meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 5 days, 50-100 persons.

Percentage of repeat business: 35% of meetings business is repeat, 75% vacation.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Monday through Thursday and Thursday - Sunday.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: Ski resort atmosphere, recreational facilities in the area and staff.

Where is your major competition: other ski resorts in Utah and Colorado.
Name of Facility: Provincetown Inn & Executive Conference Center
Address: Commercial St, P.O. Box 619, Provincetown, Massachusetts.
Contact Person: Brooke Evans, Owner
Distance from Airport: 5 miles from Provincetown Airport.
Type of Facility: 102 rooms in a motel layout with colonial style building. Resort atmosphere at tip of the cape on the water with private beaches. One mile from city of Provincetown.
Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 6 meeting rooms with two of them capable of being divided into three sections each. Tiffany 67 x 64 x 10, Mayflower 91 x 36 x 12, Four and Aft 49 x 30 x 12, Trawler 25 x 18 x 1
Recreational Amenities: Indoor swimming pool, 5 tennis courts, Sailing, boating and fishing, 7 miles to Golf club.
Rate Structure: European plan, Seasonal, Single from $28-66, Double 36-72. Suite rates on special request.
Was it originally a conference center? Originally a seasonal resort until conference room were added and then conference center concept was developed.
Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: Combine the beautiful resort atmosphere with a small facility with the expertise to handle small meetings.
Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: Most guests arrive by car or special limo from Boston area. Guest and companies are from all over the Northeast and Great Lakes region of the country.
Sources of your business: Summer month and holidays are heavy with vacation business, rest of the year 65% meetings business.
Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: Medical meetings, small incentive meetings and some association business.
Average attendance and duration of meetings: 25 - 35 people for 3 days. (approx.)
Percentage of repeat business: 90% vacation, 50% meetings.
Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Monday through Thursdays for business meetings and heavy meeting months are March, April, October and November.
Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: Secluded location and small size of facility

Where is your major competition: Other small resort on the coast.
Name of Facility: Pheasant Run

Address: North Avenue, St. Charles, Illinois

Contact Person: Denny Carlstedt, Director of Sales

Distance from Airport: 28 miles from O'Hare National Airport. Facility has own helicopter pad.

Type of Facility: 278 rooms in 2-story rustic lodge, located on 300 acres in Fox River Valley.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: total of 33 meeting rooms located in main building and convention building. President Room, 40 x 100; New Orleans Room, 70 x 85; Hayloft Room, 28 x 100; Rembrandt Room, 40 x 60.

Recreational Amenities: indoor and outdoor heated pool, health club and gym, 4 indoor and 9 outdoor tennis courts, 2 18-hole golf courses.

Rate Structure: European plan, single $32-46; double $46-56.

Was it originally a conference center? Originally a suburban resort transformed into a conference center.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: unavailable

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: large majority from companies in Chicago area who fly in people to their headquarters.

Sources of your business: 75% meetings related; 25% transient and resort.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: regional sales meetings, corporate management meetings and training meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 4 days; 40 persons

Percentage of repeat business: 50% of meetings business

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Monday-Thursday, slower months are July and August and December.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: location to Chicago area and facilities

Where is your major competition: other conference centers in Midwes
Name of Facility: Ramada Inn-Metro Meeting Center

Address: 100 East River Drive, Hartford, Connecticut

Contact Person: Paul Berquist, Director of Sales

Distance from Airport: 15 miles from Bradley International Airport

Type of Facility: suburban hotel 1 mile from Hartford Business Center; 8 story hotel houses 215 rooms.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 7 meeting room suites and 4 meeting rooms on the first floor. Grand Ball Room, Vendome Room, LaConcorde Room, Montmarte Room, L'Étoile Room and convention area.

Recreational Amenities: indoor heated swimming pool, health spa.

Rate Structure: European plan, single $30-32; double $36-40; suites $75 up.

Was it originally a conference center? designed as combination commercial hotel and meeting center.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: not available.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 75% of guests from Greater New York, New Jersey, Connecticut areas. Remainder from East Coast and Midwest fly in.

Sources of your business: 75% meetings related, 25% transient.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: regional sales meetings, training sessions, management meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: not available.

Percentage of repeat business: 35%

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Monday - Friday pattern of typical commercial hotel.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: centralized location and more than adequate facilities.

Where is your major competition: other commercial meeting facilit in area.
Name of Facility: Red Apple Inn and Executive Conference Center
Address: Eden Isle, Heber Springs, Arkansas
Contact Person: Reba Yow
Distance from Airport: 70 miles north of Little Rock, Arkansas.
Type of Facility: 30 guest rooms located in private villas in the mountains.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 6 meeting rooms

Recreational Amenities: boating, fishing, game room, 18-hole golf course, tennis courts, outdoor heated swimming pool.

Rate Structure: unavailable

Was it originally a conference center? originally a resort

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: unavailable

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: majority of business arrives from Arkansas or Tennessee, Kentucky, Oklahoma, Missouri, etc. by car or bus.

Sources of your business: 35% business; 65% resort

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: incentive meetings, management training meetings

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 35 persons, 5-7 days

Percentage of repeat business: 75% vacation business is repeat

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: spring and fall heaviest vacation months.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: seclusion of meeting facilities

Where is your major competition: none in immediate area
Name of Facility: Salishan Executive Conference Center

Address: Highway 101, Glen Eden Beach, Oregon

Contact Person: Sandy Riverman, Conference Coordinator

Distance from Airport: 90 miles southwest of Portland International Airport.

Type of Facility: 150 guest rooms in a complex of 17 two-story wooden structures, spread out over 700 acres overlooking the ocean.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 10 meeting rooms, 3 in one area and 7 in nearby building; Long House Room, 53 x 85 x 14; Council House Room, 72 x 36 x 14; CedarTree 44 x 44 x 9; the Gallery, 36 x 36 x 9.

Recreational Amenities: 18-hole golf course with PGA pro; 3 indoor and 1 outdoor tennis courts; health spa and gym. 5 miles of beaches; also fishing.

Rate Structure: European plan, seasonal, double $42-59.

Was it originally a conference center? Conceived as a golf and beach resort and then conference facilities added.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: training of the staff with expertise in meeting planning; facility is environmentally conscious with jogging trail, etc.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: All guests arrive by bus, limo or car, having flown into Portland from the Pacific and Mountain states and some midwest states.

Sources of your business: July and August, all vacation business; September through June, 60% business meetings, 40% vacation.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: Small training sessions, incentive meetings, many government meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: usual duration 3 nights; 50 - 70 people.

Percentage of repeat business: 50% meetings, 75% vacation.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: stated above

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: staff has been employed for long time and offers very experienced service. Companies are "not just treated like a number".

Where is your major competition: Actually, none in surrounding area.
CONFERENCE CENTER SURVEY

Name of Facility: Samoset Resort Inn

Address: P.O. Box 78, Warrentown Street, Rockport, Maine

Contact Person: Richard Gallagher, Sales Director

Distance from Airport: 90 miles from Portland Airport, 60 miles from Bangor Jetport.

Type of Facility: 150 ocean-view rooms in 4-story cedar and glass buildings. Located on 230 acres on Penobscot Bay.


Recreational Amenities: outdoor and indoor heated swimming pool. Health spa and gym, fishing peer, 1 indoor, 2 outdoor tennis courts, 18-hole golf course, skiing nearby.


Was it originally a conference center? designed as combination resort and conference center.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: secluded location with excellent meeting facilities.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: all meetings business flies into 2 airports mentioned above and taken by airport bus or limo to facility.

Sources of your business: summer months are 85% vacation; rest of year is 50-50 business and resort.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: mostly training and sales-type meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 5-7 days, 30 people.

Percentage of repeat business: 75% vacation; 35% meetings

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: see above

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: personal touch of staff and secluded surroundings

Where is your major competition: none in immediate area
Name of Facility: Scottsdale Conference Center

Address: 7700 East McCormick Parkway, Scottsdale, Arizona

Contact Person: Kevin McMahon, Director of Sales

Distance from Airport: 17 miles from Phoenix Sky Harbor International Airport; 8 miles from Scottsdale Municipal Airport.

Type of Facility: year-round conference center comprised of 3-story hotel complex with 204 rooms on 15 acres.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 18 meeting rooms; Apache Room, 106 x 42; Navajo Room, 74 x 31; Pueblo Room, 90 x 42; Colorado Room, 54 x 31.

Recreational Amenities: heated, outdoor swimming pool, 5 lit tennis courts, 2 paddle ball courts, nearby McCormick has 36-hole golf course, health club and gym.

Rate Structure: full American plan, seasonal, single $55-90, double $95-130.

Was it originally a conference center? originally a conference center designed with most up-to-date audio-visual equipment to cater to corporate meetings market.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: most up-to-date audio-visual equipment available. Staff expertly trained to deal with corporate meeting planners.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 75% of all business flies into Phoenix from West Coast, Midwest and some Northeast. Rest from surrounding areas.

Sources of your business: 100% corporate meetings business

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: specializes in training meetings and sales type meeting.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 5 days, 15-35 people

Percentage of repeat business: 75%

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: spring and fall busiest meetings months, although all months have high occupancy.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: excellent results of people holding meetings there.

Where is your major competition: none with the superior audio-visual capabilities for training meetings.
CONFERENCE CENTER SURVEY

Name of Facility: Sea Pines Conference Center
Address: Sea Pines Plantation, Hilton Head Island, South Carolina
Contact Person: Andy Radovic, Sales Representative

Distance from Airport: 45 miles from Savannah's Travis Field Airport
10 miles to Hilton Head Airport.
Type of Facility: 850 Villa condominiums with 1 - 4 bedrooms.
A 4500 acre golf, tennis and beach resort and a 500 acre forest preserve.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: Larger Villas can be used for smaller
meetings. Within walking distance are Harbour Town and Plantation
Club Conference Centers offering a total of 8 meeting rooms and
5 additional can be subdivided.
Recreational Amenities: This facility which is located within
sea pines plantation has 60 tennis courts of which 13 are lighted.
2 driving ranges and 3 golf courses, stables and 2 marinas.

Rate Structure: European plan. 1 bedrooms villa 50 - 75 2 bedroom
villa 70 - 110.

Was it originally a conference center? This is a condiminium, resort
complex which lends itself to the conference center idea.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: the abundance
of facilities located on the island.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what
section of the country: Most business(90%) arrives from either the
local airport or through Savannah. Companies are comming from
all over the United States and Europe, but especially from the East.

Sources of your business: The majority of business for this center
consists of vacation and resort business, however 35 % is meetings.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: Many
incentive meetings and large sales meetings, many large professional
organizations also hold meetings here
Average attendance and duration of meetings: 5 days, 75 - 100
people

Percentage of repeat business: There is a 90 % figure for repeat
vacation business and 70 % for repeat meetings business.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Summer and holiday periods
are exceptionally strong for vaictioneers and spring and fall are the
strongest for meetings.
Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons
they return: Excellent resort and meeting facilities in a
beautiful location.

Where is your major competition: Other resorts along the South Carolo
and Georgia Coast.
Name of Facility: Shawnee Inn
(Harrison Conference Center)
Address: Shawnee on Delaware, Pennsylvania
Contact Person: Lee Fagerquist, Eastern Sales Office

Distance from Airport: 75 miles from Newark International Airport; 90 miles from New York.
Type of Facility: 86 guest rooms housed in 3 story mansion on 220 acre resort on banks of Delaware surrounded by Pocono Mts.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 12 meeting rooms in total in main building
Payette Room, 29 x 56; Henry Room, 16 x 36; Laurel Room, 16 x 24; Blake Room, 13 x 28.

Recreational Amenities: 27-hole golf course, 6 tennis courts, indoor and outdoor heated swimming pools, facilities for fishing and canoeing.

Rate Structure: full American plan, single $92; $144 double.

Was it originally a conference center? Harrison converted it into a conference center.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: Harrison conference ideas.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: majority of business comes from East Coast, usually take limo or private car to facility.

Sources of your business: 100% business meetings

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: training meetings and sales meetings; management development meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 15-30 people, 3 to 5 days.

Percentage of repeat business: 90%

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: see report

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: Harrison name

Where is your major competition: none in immediate area
CONFERENCE CENTER SURVEY

Name of Facility: Sheraton International Conference Center
Address: 11810 Sunrise Valley Drive, Reston, Virginia
Contact Person: Walter Chisling, Director of Marketing

Distance from Airport: 10 miles from Dulles International Airport
20 miles from National Airport
Type of Facility: modern complex with U-shaped conference wing
with 302 rooms in a tower wing.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 22 meeting rooms of various sizes. Meeting
rooms A, B, and C are 107 x 58. D through N are 26 x 24 and 1 through
10 are 53 x 45.

Recreational Amenities: golf course on site, outdoor swimming pool
2 all-weather tennis courts and 9 indoor tennis courts;

Rate Structure: full-American plan, year-round; single $74;
double $62 per person.

Was it originally a conference center? specifically designed in
every way to be a full-serviced conference center.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: U-shaped layout
of meeting rooms and other facilities such as billiard room, jogging
tracks, bike rental make it excellent for executives.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what
section of the country: 50% of all attendees arrive through 1 of
2 major airports. Other 50% drive from areas like Philadelphia,
Baltimore down to Richmond.

Sources of your business: Outside transient business is negligible;
therefore making over 95% of all business related to meetings

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: many, many
government meetings, professional association meetings, many multi-
national groups holding corporate meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 50-75 people, 3-4 days

Percentage of repeat business: 75% of business is repeat.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: summer months and winter
months fluctuate with lower occupancies.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons
they return: Centralized Washington, D.C. location, close to airports
and yet not right downtown.

Where is your major competition: none in immediate area; however, ot
conference centers on East Coast
Name of Facility: Silverado Resort and Conference Center

Address: 1600 Atlas Peak Road, Napa, California.

Contact Person: Randy Carter, Director of Sales

Distance from Airport: 65 miles from San Francisco International Airport.

Type of Facility: Cottages built around colonial style mansion. 430 rooms located on 1200 acres in the heart of the Napa Valley wine district. Originally facility was a private estate.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 14 meeting rooms in total. Trophy 49 x 57, River 23 x 50, Red 14 x 21, Blue 16 x 21. These four are located in main building. Ten other rooms are brand new in another wing.

Recreational Amenities: 5 outdoor pools, 8 tennis courts, 2-18 hole golf courses, additional tennis courts under construction.

Rate Structure: European plan, studio rooms $60; 1 bedroom suites, $72; 2 bedroom suites $122; 3 bedroom suites $150.

Was it originally a conference center? Originally a golf and tennis resort, but with new additions is now considered conference resort.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: not available

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 50% of business comes from San Francisco metropolitan area, 25% out of L.A. area; 25% rest of country. Majority of guests must take private limo or car into facility.

Sources of your business: 30% of business meetings related while balance is resort-related.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: national sales meetings, executive training, professional and technical meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: minimum of 50 persons and up to 1 week duration of meetings.

Percentage of repeat business: resort business 75% repeat; meetings business 50%.

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: occupancy fairly consistent entire year with peak vacation times being summer and meeting times being spring and fall.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: expertise of staff and geographic location.

Where is your major competition: resorts in Monterrey and on Coast.
Name of Facility: Snowmass Resort and Conference Center
Address: Box 5366, Snowmass Village, Colorado
Contact Person: Bud Wilson, Sales Manager
Distance from Airport: 12 miles to Aspen Airport

Type of Facility: This facility has only meeting rooms and makes use of the over 3000 guest rooms in the resort village in over 18 hotels.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 25 meeting rooms with an additional 15 created with portable walls if necessary. Pavillon 75 x 159 x 30, Opticon 98 x 54 x 30, Timbermill 40 x 68 x 13, Max Park 37 x 55 x 9

Recreational Amenities: 17 outdoor swimming pools, Snowmass Country Club has 11 Tennis Courts and an 18 hole golf course.

Rate Structure: Seasonal rates prevail in the area and range from Single $26 and Double $32 in June through September. December thru April rates are Single $30 - $60 and Double $55 - $65

Was it originally a conference center? This center was specifically designed to cater to the meetings that the many hotels in the Snowmass area had booked.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: Not applicable

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: Most meeting attendees arrive by air either thru Aspen or thru Denver and are bussed in.

Sources of your business: Sources of business in most of the facilities is resort and vacation guests. Meetings business accounts for on the average 35% of their business.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: All types of meetings are held at the various hotels that use the Conference Center.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: Usually 3-5 days and 50-100 people

Percentage of repeat business: Not available

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Not available

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: Companies choose Snowmass Village because of the large number of excellent hotels and because the conference center will cater to all their needs.

Where is your major competition: Aspen and Boulder Colorado
Name of Facility: Sterling Forest Conference Center

Address: Sterling Lake Road, Tuxedo, New York

Contact Person: Marjorie Tillotson, Conference Planning Mgr

Distance from Airport: 35 miles from Laguardia Airport and 50 from J.F.K. International Airport
Type of Facility: 50 guest rooms are located in a complex of lodges. Located in a 22,000 acre forest preserve on Sterling lake. Set in natural landscaping.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: A total of 5 meeting rooms are available and 6 - 8 smaller rooms can be used in the villas. Main Conference room 32 x 40, Wand 18 x 30, Gibson 20 x 24 and Sterling 15 x 25.

Recreational Amenities: Sterling Lake has swimming, sailing and boating. Complete health spa and exercise room, 2 tennis courts, billiard room. Golf course, skiing, skeet shooting available at nearby country club.

Rate Structure: Full American plan, single $100, twin $150.

Was it originally a conference center? Former country homes purchased with idea of making conference center.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: total isolation allows for meeting concentration; close enough to N.Y. for transportation.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: all business arrives by taxi, bus, or limo from N.Y., N.J. or Conn.

Sources of your business: 95% meetings business

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: small executive seminars, company training sessions, educational meetings, professional meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: Monday - Saturday business days. 15-25 people.

Percentage of repeat business: 90%

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: summer months little slower as is December and January.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: companies chose this facility because attendees able to concentrate and still make use of excellent recreational facilities.

Where is your major competition: Harrison House type facilities in New York and Connecticut.
Name of Facility: Stonebridge Inn and Conference Center
Address: P.O. Box 5008, Snowmass Village, Colorado.
Contact Person: Cathy Evans, Director of Sales

Distance from Airport: 6 miles from Aspen Airport. 35 minute flight from Denver.

Type of Facility: 7 story Inn houses 100 rooms which are surrounded most of the year by beautiful snow capped mountains.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 6 meetings rooms in total. Council 22 x 76 x 10, Osage 22 x 13 x 10, Three rooms are 22 x 38 x 10 and the Comanche room is 22 x 26 x 10.

Recreational Amenities: Heated outdoor pool, 1 mile to Snowmass Golf Course, riding stables and skiing in season.

Rate Structure: full-American plan, single $63, double $94.

Was it originally a conference center? mainly a ski resort

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: small size of facility allows for individual of meeting groups.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 95% of all business comes from Aspen, remainder from Bus from Denver.

Sources of your business: majority of the year 65% is vacation business and 35% meetings business. This will vary in summer and winter months.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: Professional organizations, incentive groups and training meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 50 - 75 people, 5 days.

Percentage of repeat business: not available

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: see above section

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: They like the personal service, and they like Snowmass area better than Aspen.

Where is your major competition: Other meeting facilities in ski resorts throughout Rockies.
Name of Facility: Tarrytown House Conference Center

Address: East Sunnyside Lane, Tarrytown, New York

Contact Person: Ann Finnerty, Director of Sales

Distance from Airport: 15 minutes from Westchester airport, 27 miles to Laguardia and 40 miles to Kennedy Airport

Type of Facility: former Biddle Mansion with new addition. Contains 130 guest rooms on 26 rolling, wooded acres overlooking the Hudson.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 17 meeting room located throughout 3 buildings: Auditorium, 63 x 28; East Room, 43 x 23 and 3 other meeting rooms approximately 28 x 23.

Recreational Amenities: 2 tennis courts, bowling, billiards, 2 miles from Ardsley Country Club with golf course. Outdoor swimming pool.

Rate Structure: full American plan, $80 twin per person and $115 single includes everything.

Was it originally a conference center? Estate was converted to a conference center.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: handle nothing but corporate clientele.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: guests arrive by limo and car. Companies from all over U.S. fly executives in.

Sources of your business: 100% corporate meetings business

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: executive training meetings and other types of training meetings; decision making meetings.

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 6-25 persons; 5 days

Percentage of repeat business: 95%

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: busy all year except during holidays.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: well-known reputation for catering only to upper corporate meetings market.

Where is your major competition: Sterling Forest Conference Center and Harrison House Conference Center.
Name of Facility: The Inn at Turtle Creek
Address: 3830 Parkdale Drive, San Antonio, Texas
Contact Person: Judith Repash, Director of Sales
Distance from Airport: 10 minutes from San Antonio International Airport
Type of Facility: 200 guest rooms in modern complex; 8 miles from downtown San Antonio.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 9 meeting rooms in total; ballroom, 90 x 85; Lone Star Room, 60 x 36; Austin Room, 40 x 33; Travis Room, 24 x 17.

Recreational Amenities: 3 outdoor swimming pools, health club with gym, sauna, steam baths, 18-hole regular golf course, 11 outdoor tennis courts.

Rate Structure: year round European plan, single, $44; double $48. Suites, $100-150; full-American plan available.

Was it originally a conference center? designed to be combination resort and conference center.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: not available

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: majority of business either flies or drives into San Antonio from state of Texas, Oklahoma, Louisiana.

Sources of your business: 35% business meetings; 65% resort and vacation.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: incentive and training

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 4 days, 20 - 30 persons

Percentage of repeat business: 65% resort; 40% meetings

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: not available

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: central Texas location, beautiful country club surroundings.

Where is your major competition: in Houston and Dallas areas
Name of Facility: Twin Sixties Inn and Conference Center

Address: 6060 N. Central Expressway, Dallas, Texas

Contact Person: Jim Mills, Director of Marketing

Distance from Airport: 30 miles from Dallas-Fort Worth Airport
15 miles from Love Field Airport.

Type of Facility: Midtown type facility with 300 guest rooms in a 9 story building.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: 11 meeting rooms include the ballroom which divides into 4. Ballroom 94 x 65, Ballroom North 53 x 37
Executive 3 24 x 38 and Executive 4 30 x 33

Recreational Amenities: Swimming pool, health club

Rate Structure: Modified American Plan, Single $44, double $54
suite $100-200

Was it originally a conference center? This is a commercial hotel that markets itself primarily to corporate meetings

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: Having a downtown be able to provide top notch conference coordinating staff and facilities.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 75% of the facilities business comes from Texas. They arrive 50% by air and 50% by private transportation.

Sources of your business: 25% transient, 25% tourist 50% meetings

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: The larger type management meetings and sales meetings are most popular

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 50 - 75 people for 2 - 3 days.

Percentage of repeat business: 50% of meetings business is repeat

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Sunday through Thursday are the peak periods. The summer months and December and January are slower meetings months.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: They like the central location of the facility in Texas and like the expertise of the staff

Where is your major competition: Other meeting facilities in Dallas, Houston, New Orleans.
Name of Facility: The Woodlands Inn and Country Club

Address: 2301 Millbend Drive, The Woodlands, Texas.

Contact Person: Chris Herbert, Director of Sales

Distance from Airport: 14 miles north of Houston Intercontinental Airport

Type of Facility: Facility is located 35 miles from downtown Houston. The center is located on 335 acres of natural forest. There are 235 room including parlors and suites built into a lakefront setting.

Sizes of Meeting Rooms: There are 16 meeting rooms in total. Lakeside 60-75, French 30 x 50, Houston 80 x 35 and the Crockett 30 x 40.

Recreational Amenities: 2 outdoor swimming pools, sailing, boating and fishing on the private lake. Health club with gym. 21 outdoor tennis courts that are lighted and 3 indoor courts, 2 18 hole golf courses. (Home of the Houston Open)

Rate Structure: American plan, single from $85, double from $130.

Was it originally a conference center? Originally designed to be part of Woodlands new home town development. However, fit the conference center concept.

Ideas used to make your facility unique from others: Woodlands managed by executive conferences ltd. They have tried to incorporate all of the ideas from the best conference centers in the country into the center.

Percentage of business arriving by air, car, etc., and from what section of the country: 65% of all business flies into Houston Intercontinental Airport; the remainder of the business arrives from Houston and Dallas area by car, as well as San Antonio and Austin.

Sources of your business: 75% corporate, 25% vacation.

Types of meetings most commonly held at your facility: many management decision-type meetings, incentive meetings and small sales groups

Average attendance and duration of meetings: 35-40 people, 4 days.

Percentage of repeat business: 75% meetings

Patterns of weekly and yearly occupancy: Monday - Thursday, and Thursday - Sunday. All months have been consistent in occupancy.

Reasons companies have chosen your facility over others and reasons they return: outside meeting rooms and audio-visual facilities.

Where is your major competition: other meeting facilities in the Houston and Dallas area.
E. Additional Information

The following conference centers were contacted, but information was not received in time to be incorporated into this paper:

Monterey Conference Center - Monterey, California
La Coquille Executive Center - Palm Beach, Florida
Bergamo Conference Center - Marcy, New York
Centre One - Cleveland, Ohio
Southern Conference Center - Atlanta, Georgia
Henry Chauncy Conference Center - Princeton, New Jersey
University of Chicago Conference Center - Chicago, Illinois

The following new conference centers are scheduled to open within the next six months (by the end of 1979):

The Houstonian, (A Harrison Conference Center) - Houston, Texas
Indian Lakes Resort Hotel & Conference Center - Bloomington, Illinois
Sheraton Denver Technical Center - Denver, Colorado

F. Conclusion

Although the conference center concept has only emerged within the last ten years, the concept has caught on as a viable alternative to existing meeting facilities. Conference centers are now being built as part of condominium developments and resort complexes.

Conference centers are being specifically designed to provide for the continuing education and training of executives.
BIBLIOGRAPHY


