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# Crystal structure of µ6-chlorido-nonakis-(µ-4-chloropyrazolato)bis-µ3-methoxo-hexacopper(II)

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# Crystal structure of $\mu_6$ -chlorido-nonakis( $\mu$ -4chloropyrazolato)bis- $\mu_3$ -methoxo-hexacopper(II)

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The hexanuclear title compound,  $[{Cu_3(\mu_3-OCH_3)(\mu-C_3H_2ClN_2)_3}_2(\mu-C_3H_2ClN_2)_3(\mu_6-Cl)]$  or  $[Cu_6(C_3H_2ClN_2)_9(CH_3O)_2Cl]$ , crystallizes in the space group *Pbcn*, with individual molecules being located on a twofold rotation axis. The molecule adopts a trigonal prismatic shape, with two trinuclear units linked by three 4-chloropyrazolate ligand bridges by encapsulating a Cl<sup>-</sup> anion in a  $\mu_6$ -coordination mode. In the crystal, individual molecules are stacked into rods parallel to [110] that are arranged in a pseudo-hexagonal packing. Cohesion between molecules is accomplished through weak C-H···Cl interactions.

#### 1. Chemical context

Multinuclear transition metal ion complexes often have interesting properties, such as magnetic, electrochemical, and catalytic functions. N-donor ligands have coordination plasticity and large affinity for transition metals, and their employment has provided structures of various nuclearities and dimensionalities, which have been shown to be of interest in catalysis, bio-inorganic chemistry and molecular magnetism. There have been several reports concerning multinuclear copper(II) complexes supported by pyrazolato (pz<sup>-</sup>) bridging ligands. In this context, we have investigated a family of redoxactive Cu<sub>6</sub>-pyrazolato complexes with trigonal prismatic shapes (Mezei et al., 2007; Zueva et al., 2009), including one with a  $\mu_6$ -F central ligand (Mathivathanan *et al.*, 2015). In connection with our earlier work, the title compound,  $[{Cu_3(\mu_3-OCH_3)(\mu-C_3H_2N_2Cl)_3}_2((\mu-C_3H_2N_2Cl)_3(\mu_6-Cl)],$ has been prepared recently; it contains an encapsulated  $\mu_6$ -Cl ligand at the center of the hexanuclear complex.



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omparison of selected structural parameters (A).					
	$\{Cu_6\}, PPN^a$	$\{Cu_6Cl\}^b$	${\rm Cu}_6{\rm Cl}^c$	${\{Cu_6F\}}^d$	
Cu···Cu (inter-trimer)	2.975 (3), 2.999, 3.028 (3) 3 206 (4)-3 279 (5)	3.3557(10) - 3.4005(10) 3.1801(9) - 3.2526(9)	3.621 (1), 3.675 (1) 3 209 (1), 3 233 (1)	3.281 (2), 3.335 (2), 3.289 (2) 3 234 (2)–3 289 (2)	
$\mathbb{C}\mathbf{u} \cdots \mathbb{C}\mathbf{u}$ (initia trinier) $\mathbb{C}\mathbf{u} \cdots \mathbb{C}\mathbf{X}$	-	2.424 (2), 2.4858 (14), 2.6221 (13) ( $X = CI$ )	$2.604 (1), 2.623 (2) (X = Cl)$ $2.082 (4), 2.085 (6) (B = M_0)$	2.383 (5) - 2.605 (5) (X = F) $2.048 (2) 2.006 (5) (B = H)$	
Cu - N (inter-trimer)	1.885 (1)=1.894 (3) 2.003 (7)=2.056 (6)	2.003 (3)-2.004 (3)	2.085(4), 2.085(6)(R = Me) 1.990(5)-1.992(7)	2.048 (3)–2.096 (3) ( $K = H$ ) 2.018 (6)–2.047 (6)	
Cu-N (intra-trimer)	1.934 (7)–1.964 (7)	1.923 (3)–1.954 (3)	1.931 (5)–1.941 (5)	1.942 (5)–1.979 (6)	

 Table 1

 Comparison of selected structural parameters (Å).

Notes: (a) Mezei et al. (2007); (b) this work; (c) Kamiyama et al. (2002); (d) Mathivathanan et al. (2015).

#### 2. Structural commentary

The crystal structure of the title compound (Fig. 1) consists of two trinuclear  $[Cu_3(\mu_3\text{-}OMe)(\mu\text{-}4\text{-}Cl\text{-}pz)_3]^{2+}$  (OMe is a methoxide, 4-Cl-pz a 4-chloropyrazolato ligand) units bridged by three  $\mu$ -4-Cl-pz<sup>-</sup> ligands; the complete molecule adopts .2. point group symmetry. The six Cu<sup>II</sup> ions form a trigonal prismatic array and a chloride ion is located at the center of the cage, coordinating to the two {Cu}\_3 units in a  $\mu_6$  mode. All six Cu<sup>II</sup> atoms are five-coordinate with distorted squarepyramidal N<sub>3</sub>OCl coordination sets with the Cl atom occupying the apical position. Each Cu<sub>3</sub> triangle is capped by an OMe group with the O atom 0.8472 (1) Å above the Cu<sub>3</sub> plane, a somewhat smaller deviation from the Cu<sub>3</sub> plane than the one found in the previously reported structure of [{Cu<sub>3</sub>( $\mu_3$ -OMe)( $\mu$ -pz)<sub>3</sub>]<sub>2</sub>( $\mu$ -pz)<sub>3</sub>( $\mu_6$ -Cl)], where  $\mu_3$ -bridging



Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom-labeling scheme. H atoms are not shown for clarity. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 40% probability level. Non-labeled atoms are related to the labeled atoms by the symmetry operation  $(-x, y, -z + \frac{1}{2})$ .

methoxy groups are located *ca* 1.0 Å above this plane (Kamiyama *et al.*, 2002). The distance between two Cu<sub>3</sub> planes is 3.3858 (2) Å. The six Cu–O bond lengths range from 2.033 (2)–2.044 (2) Å, while the Cu–O–Cu angles are in the 102.70 (10)–105.62 (10)° range. The Cu···Cu distances within each triangle, 3.1801 (9)–3.2526 (9) Å, are slightly shorter than those between the triangles, 3.356 (2)–3.401 (2) Å). The  $\mu_6$ -Cl ligand is located close to the center of the trigonal prism defined by the six Cu atoms and non-equidistant from the three pairs of Cu<sup>II</sup> ions. The longest Cu–Cl distance of 2.6222 (13) Å (Cu2) is longer than the sum of the ionic radii (2.38 Å), indicating that the two [Cu<sub>3</sub>( $\mu_3$ -OMe)( $\mu$ -4-Cl-pz)<sub>3</sub>]<sup>2+</sup> units are not templated by the encapsulated chloride. The other two Cu–Cl bond lengths are 2.424 (2) (Cu1) and 2.4859 (13) Å.

Differences in structural parameters between the four known {Cu<sub>6</sub>-pyrazolato} complexes with trigonal prismatic shape are compiled in Table 1. The inter-trimer and intra-trimer Cu···Cu distances are shorter in the title compound than those in the [Cu<sub>6</sub>Cl] compound reported earlier with 4-H-pz as a ligand (Kamiyama *et al.*, 2002), indicating the effect of electron-withdrawing Cl-substitution of the pyrazolato ligands. The Cu–N distances of the pyrazolato ligands connecting the two trimers are longer compared to those in {Cu<sub>6</sub>- $\mu_6$ -F} (Mathivathanan *et al.*, 2015) or {Cu<sub>6</sub>- $\mu_6$ -Cl} (Kamiyama *et al.*, 2002). However, the Cu–N distances are similar to those in the empty Cu<sub>6</sub>-pyrazolato cage (Mezei *et al.*, 2007).

#### 3. Supramolecular features

In the trigonal prismatic molecules, the six pyrazolato ligands of the eclipsed {Cu<sub>3</sub>-pyrazolato} trimers exhibit weak  $\pi$ - $\pi$ stacking interactions, with centroid-to-centroid distances of 3.8489 (6) and 3.6059 (6) Å. These distances are comparable to the ones found in the Cu<sub>6</sub>-pyrazolato complex with no

Table 2Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-{\rm H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$C1 - H1 \cdots Cl4^{i}$	0.93	2.75	3.586 (4)	149
$C6-H6\cdots Cl3^n$	0.93	2.81	3.466 (4)	129
$C15-H15A\cdots Cl3^{iii}$	0.96	2.82	3.651 (4)	146

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x - \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $y + \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $-z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $y - \frac{1}{2}$ , z; (iii)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $-y + \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

# research communications



### Figure 2

Crystal packing diagram viewed along [001], showing hydrogen bonds as blue dashed lines.





Table	3	
Experi	mental	details

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	$[Cu_6(C_3H_2ClN_2)_9(CH_3O)_2Cl]$
$M_{\rm r}$	1392.40
Crystal system, space group	Orthorhombic, Pbcn
Temperature (K)	299
a, b, c (Å)	16.565 (3), 18.474 (4), 14.606 (3)
$V(Å^3)$	4470.1 (15)
Z	4
Radiation type	Μο Κα
$\mu \text{ (mm}^{-1})$	3.46
Crystal size (mm)	$0.21\times0.20\times0.16$
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker D8 Quest CMOS
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2015)
$T_{\min}, T_{\max}$	0.671, 0.745
No. of measured, independent and observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	63202, 5726, 4647
R:	0.026
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\rm max} ({\rm \AA}^{-1})$	0.674
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.041, 0.119, 1.08
No. of reflections	5726
No. of parameters	296
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max}, \Delta \rho_{\rm min}$ (e Å <sup>-3</sup> )	0.75, -1.59

Computer programs: *APEX3* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2015), *SHELXT* (Sheldrick, 2015*a*), *SHELXL2016* (Sheldrick, 2015*b*), *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009) and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008).

encapsulated anion, where the pyrazolato ring centroids are 3.741 (6), 3.700 (6) and 3.680 (6) Å apart (Mezei *et al.*, 2007).

While conventional hydrogen bonds are absent in the structure, there are three weak intermolecular C-H···Cl interactions observed in the crystal structure (Fig. 2 and Table 2). Individual {Cu<sub>6</sub>- $\mu_6$ -Cl}-molecules are stacked in rods parallel to [110] that, in turn, are arranged in a pseudo-hexagonal packing (Fig. 3).

#### 4. Database survey

Polynuclear complexes with a  $\mu_6$ -coordinating halide anion are not uncommon. However, they are rarely encountered in a trigonal prismatic environment. According to the Cambridge Structure Database (Groom *et al.*, 2016), only three hexanuclear Cu<sub>6</sub>-cages with a  $\mu_6$ -coordinating halide anion have been reported in the literature: [{Cu<sub>3</sub>( $\mu_3$ -OMe)( $\mu$ -pz)<sub>3</sub>]<sub>2</sub>( $\mu$ pz)<sub>3</sub>( $\mu_6$ -Cl)] (pz = pyrazole; Kamiyama *et al.*, 2002), [{Cu<sub>3</sub>( $\mu_3$ -OMe)( $\mu$ -3,5-Me<sub>2</sub>pz)<sub>3</sub>]<sub>2</sub>( $\mu_6$ -F)( $\mu_2$ -OH)] (3,5-Me<sub>2</sub>pz<sup>-</sup> =3,5-dimethylpyrazolato; Cañon-Mancisidor *et al.*, 2014) and [{Cu<sub>3</sub>( $\mu_3$ -OH)( $\mu$ -pz)<sub>3</sub>]<sub>2</sub>( $\mu$ -3,5-Ph<sub>2</sub>pz)<sub>3</sub>( $\mu_6$ -F)] (Mathivathanan *et al.*, 2015).

#### 5. Synthesis and crystallization

The complex was formed in an one-pot reaction when  $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$  (0.06 mmol, 10.2 mg), 4-Cl-pzH (0.09 mmol, 8.9 mg) and ethylamine (0.08 mmol, 11.3 µl) were stirred in 10 ml  $CH_2Cl_2$  for 24 h at ambient temperature. The green

solution was transferred to a test tube after filtration. A 4 ml 1:1 mixture of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>:MeOH ( $\nu/\nu$ ) was layered over the CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> layer, 1,2-di(4-pyridyl)ethylene (1,2-bpe) (0.01mmol, 1.9 mg) in 4 ml MeOH was added as the third layer on top of the lower two. Suitable crystals for X-ray diffraction were obtained one week later. Yield: 29%. Analysis calculated/ found for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>24</sub>Cl<sub>10</sub>Cu<sub>6</sub>N<sub>18</sub>O<sub>2</sub>: C, 25.15/25.22; H,1.75/1.76; N, 18.22/18.17.

#### 6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 3. Hydrogen atoms were placed in geometrically calculated positions and refined with a riding model. Structure refinement indicates a minimum  $(-1.56 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3})$  near the  $\mu_6$ -Cl atom (Cl6), which decreases if the structure is refined with a free site-occupation factor for this atom. This can be explained if some of the Cu<sub>6</sub>-cages (< 10%) are vacant. Such a discrepancy is within the experimental error of the CHN elemental analysis, and we decided to refine the model with full occupancy for this Cl atom. In the final cycles, restraints were applied to obtain acceptable  $U_{ij}$ parameters for Cl6.

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# supporting information

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Crystal structure of  $\mu_6$ -chlorido-nonakis( $\mu$ -4-chloropyrazolato)bis- $\mu_3$ -methoxo-hexacopper(II)

## Kaige Shi, Logesh Mathivathanan and Raphael G. Raptis

**Computing details** 

Data collection: *APEX3* (Bruker, 2015); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2015); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2015); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXT (Sheldrick, 2015*a*); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2016* (Sheldrick, 2015*b*); molecular graphics: *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009) and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009).

 $\mu_6$ -Chlorido-nonakis( $\mu$ -4-chloropyrazolato)bis- $\mu_3$ -methoxo-hexacopper(II)

Crystal data	
$[Cu_{6}(C_{3}H_{2}ClN_{2})_{9}(CH_{3}O)_{2}Cl]$ $M_{r} = 1392.40$ Orthorhombic, <i>Pbcn</i> a = 16.565 (3) Å b = 18.474 (4) Å c = 14.606 (3) Å V = 4470.1 (15) Å <sup>3</sup> Z = 4 F(000) = 2736	$D_x = 2.069 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K $\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 9133 reflections $\theta = 3.0-28.6^{\circ}$ $\mu = 3.46 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 299  K Cuboctahedron, green $0.21 \times 0.20 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$
Data collection	
Bruker D8 Quest CMOS diffractometer $\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2015) $T_{\min} = 0.671, T_{\max} = 0.745$ 63202 measured reflections	5726 independent reflections 4647 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.026$ $\theta_{max} = 28.6^\circ, \ \theta_{min} = 2.9^\circ$ $h = -22 \rightarrow 22$ $k = -24 \rightarrow 24$ $l = -19 \rightarrow 19$
Refinement	
Refinement on $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$ $wR(F^2) = 0.119$ S = 1.08 5726 reflections 296 parameters 0 restraints	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.052P)^2 + 10.494P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.75$ e Å <sup>-3</sup> $\Delta\rho_{min} = -1.59$ e Å <sup>-3</sup>

### Special details

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Cu1	0.04492 (3)	0.32824 (2)	0.35296 (3)	0.03365 (12)	
Cu2	-0.03799 (2)	0.17979 (2)	0.41047 (3)	0.03405 (12)	
Cu3	0.13100 (3)	0.17948 (2)	0.29708 (3)	0.03369 (12)	
01	0.07222 (13)	0.22859 (12)	0.40330 (15)	0.0298 (5)	
Cl1	0.04787 (7)	-0.11802 (5)	0.36907 (8)	0.0538 (3)	
Cl4	0.36310(7)	0.07485 (7)	0.03389 (9)	0.0601 (3)	
Cl2	-0.22199 (7)	0.40543 (7)	0.58300 (9)	0.0641 (3)	
C13	0.32409 (9)	0.41018 (7)	0.15094 (10)	0.0758 (4)	
C15	0.000000	0.62857 (8)	0.250000	0.0824 (6)	
C16	0.000000	0.23354 (16)	0.250000	0.1040 (8)	
C5	0.0483 (2)	-0.02467 (18)	0.3635 (2)	0.0358 (7)	
N3	0.01229 (17)	0.08926 (15)	0.3792 (2)	0.0345 (6)	
N4	0.08520 (17)	0.08802 (15)	0.3377 (2)	0.0349 (6)	
N1	-0.04891 (18)	0.33017 (16)	0.4322 (2)	0.0370 (6)	
N5	0.1870 (2)	0.27052 (16)	0.2727 (2)	0.0441 (8)	
C2	-0.1503 (2)	0.3569 (2)	0.5233 (3)	0.0428 (8)	
N7	0.0146 (2)	0.42174 (15)	0.2927 (2)	0.0382 (7)	
C12	0.2735 (2)	0.10042 (19)	0.0850 (3)	0.0383 (8)	
C4	-0.0109 (2)	0.02073 (18)	0.3944 (3)	0.0382 (8)	
H4	-0.059153	0.006471	0.421373	0.046*	
N8	0.18357 (18)	0.13431 (16)	0.1875 (2)	0.0362 (6)	
C1	-0.0924 (2)	0.3849 (2)	0.4661 (3)	0.0447 (9)	
H1	-0.084759	0.433718	0.453080	0.054*	
N6	0.1507 (2)	0.33235 (16)	0.2976 (2)	0.0419 (7)	
C14	0.000000	0.5358 (3)	0.250000	0.0471 (13)	
C8	0.2558 (3)	0.3612 (2)	0.2127 (3)	0.0469 (9)	
C6	0.1075 (2)	0.01918 (19)	0.3278 (3)	0.0399 (8)	
H6	0.155241	0.003367	0.300986	0.048*	
N2	-0.07882 (19)	0.26795 (16)	0.4663 (2)	0.0415 (7)	
C11	0.2026 (2)	0.1179 (2)	0.0414 (3)	0.0439 (9)	
H11	0.193686	0.115749	-0.021388	0.053*	
C3	-0.1403 (2)	0.2838 (2)	0.5216 (3)	0.0515 (10)	
H3	-0.171220	0.250424	0.553841	0.062*	
C9	0.1920 (3)	0.3877 (2)	0.2616 (3)	0.0504 (10)	
H9	0.179311	0.436415	0.268681	0.060*	
C10	0.2602 (2)	0.1112 (2)	0.1762 (3)	0.0427 (8)	
H10	0.297665	0.103841	0.222717	0.051*	
C13	0.0244 (3)	0.4907 (2)	0.3198 (3)	0.0478 (9)	
H13	0.044351	0.505543	0.376243	0.057*	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(\hat{A}^2)$ 

# supporting information

C7	0.2509 (3)	0.2874 (2)	0.2207 (3)	0.0587 (12)	
H7	0.286269	0.254339	0.194252	0.070*	
N9	0.14862 (17)	0.13828 (17)	0.1038 (2)	0.0385 (7)	
C15	0.1151 (3)	0.2292 (2)	0.4877 (3)	0.0468 (9)	
H15A	0.125602	0.180297	0.506599	0.070*	
H15B	0.083328	0.253186	0.533459	0.070*	
H15C	0.165302	0.254366	0.479851	0.070*	

Atomic displacement parameters  $(A^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Cu1	0.0352 (2)	0.0261 (2)	0.0396 (2)	0.00276 (15)	0.00961 (17)	0.00267 (16)
Cu2	0.0268 (2)	0.0284 (2)	0.0470 (3)	-0.00146 (15)	0.00342 (17)	-0.00153 (17)
Cu3	0.0340 (2)	0.0270 (2)	0.0401 (2)	-0.00140 (15)	0.00890 (17)	-0.00296 (16)
01	0.0276 (10)	0.0284 (11)	0.0336 (12)	0.0001 (9)	-0.0001 (9)	-0.0004 (9)
Cl1	0.0662 (7)	0.0266 (4)	0.0688 (7)	-0.0019 (4)	-0.0117 (5)	0.0007 (4)
Cl4	0.0496 (6)	0.0620 (7)	0.0687 (7)	0.0247 (5)	0.0180 (5)	0.0044 (5)
Cl2	0.0610 (7)	0.0633 (7)	0.0681 (7)	0.0130 (5)	0.0296 (6)	-0.0109 (6)
C13	0.0879 (9)	0.0632 (7)	0.0764 (8)	-0.0382 (7)	0.0455 (7)	-0.0182 (6)
C15	0.1185 (17)	0.0253 (7)	0.1034 (15)	0.000	0.0028 (13)	0.000
Cl6	0.113 (2)	0.1012 (18)	0.0981 (17)	0.000	-0.0218 (16)	0.000
C5	0.0441 (19)	0.0259 (15)	0.0375 (18)	-0.0039 (13)	-0.0094 (15)	-0.0016 (13)
N3	0.0322 (14)	0.0303 (13)	0.0410 (16)	-0.0029 (11)	0.0011 (12)	0.0011 (12)
N4	0.0333 (14)	0.0302 (14)	0.0414 (16)	-0.0020 (11)	0.0024 (12)	-0.0034 (12)
N1	0.0376 (15)	0.0319 (14)	0.0415 (16)	0.0044 (11)	0.0089 (13)	0.0007 (12)
N5	0.0413 (16)	0.0302 (14)	0.061 (2)	-0.0016 (13)	0.0199 (15)	-0.0056 (14)
C2	0.0399 (19)	0.045 (2)	0.043 (2)	0.0057 (16)	0.0091 (16)	-0.0078 (16)
N7	0.0451 (17)	0.0255 (13)	0.0439 (16)	0.0009 (12)	0.0064 (14)	0.0003 (12)
C12	0.0344 (17)	0.0342 (17)	0.046 (2)	0.0086 (14)	0.0083 (15)	-0.0036 (15)
C4	0.0390 (18)	0.0315 (17)	0.044 (2)	-0.0054 (14)	-0.0022 (15)	0.0031 (14)
N8	0.0358 (15)	0.0314 (14)	0.0415 (16)	0.0033 (12)	0.0056 (13)	-0.0024 (12)
C1	0.048 (2)	0.0345 (18)	0.051 (2)	0.0058 (16)	0.0153 (18)	-0.0011 (16)
N6	0.0426 (17)	0.0305 (15)	0.0526 (19)	-0.0034 (12)	0.0162 (15)	-0.0010 (13)
C14	0.057 (3)	0.023 (2)	0.061 (4)	0.000	0.008 (3)	0.000
C8	0.049 (2)	0.042 (2)	0.049 (2)	-0.0180 (17)	0.0173 (18)	-0.0066 (17)
C6	0.0395 (18)	0.0318 (17)	0.048 (2)	0.0013 (14)	0.0001 (16)	-0.0071 (15)
N2	0.0365 (15)	0.0312 (14)	0.0569 (19)	0.0008 (12)	0.0148 (14)	-0.0003 (13)
C11	0.0415 (19)	0.049 (2)	0.0410 (19)	0.0118 (16)	0.0019 (16)	-0.0047 (17)
C3	0.043 (2)	0.043 (2)	0.068 (3)	-0.0017 (17)	0.024 (2)	0.0012 (19)
C9	0.053 (2)	0.0336 (18)	0.065 (3)	-0.0082 (17)	0.020 (2)	-0.0008 (18)
C10	0.0385 (19)	0.043 (2)	0.046 (2)	0.0094 (15)	-0.0017 (16)	-0.0017 (16)
C13	0.061 (2)	0.0336 (19)	0.049 (2)	-0.0001 (17)	0.001 (2)	-0.0037 (16)
C7	0.055 (2)	0.042 (2)	0.079 (3)	-0.0071 (19)	0.036 (2)	-0.012 (2)
N9	0.0304 (14)	0.0407 (16)	0.0444 (17)	0.0036 (12)	0.0013 (12)	-0.0019 (13)
C15	0.050 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.041 (2)	0.0018 (17)	-0.0091 (17)	-0.0009 (17)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cu1—01	2.033 (2)	N5—C7	1.340 (5)
Cu1—Cl6	2.424 (2)	C2—C1	1.373 (5)
Cu1—N1	1.938 (3)	C2—C3	1.361 (6)
Cu1—N7	2.003 (3)	N7—N7 <sup>i</sup>	1.337 (6)
Cu1—N6	1.932 (3)	N7—C13	1.344 (5)
Cu2—O1	2.039 (2)	C12—C11	1.375 (5)
Cu2—Cl6	2.6222 (13)	C12—C10	1.365 (6)
Cu2—N3	1.923 (3)	C4—H4	0.9300
Cu2—N2	1.943 (3)	N8—C10	1.350 (5)
Cu2—N9 <sup>i</sup>	1.998 (3)	N8—N9	1.354 (4)
Cu3—O1	2.044 (2)	С1—Н1	0.9300
Cu3—Cl6	2.4859 (13)	N6—C9	1.338 (5)
Cu3—N4	1.945 (3)	C14—C13	1.376 (5)
Cu3—N5	1.954 (3)	C14—C13 <sup>i</sup>	1.376 (5)
Cu3—N8	2.004 (3)	C8—C9	1.366 (6)
01—C15	1.422 (4)	C8—C7	1.370 (6)
Cl1—C5	1.726 (4)	С6—Н6	0.9300
Cl4—C12	1.726 (3)	N2—C3	1.333 (5)
Cl2—C2	1.724 (4)	C11—H11	0.9300
Cl3—C8	1.707 (4)	C11—N9	1.331 (5)
Cl5—C14	1.714 (5)	С3—Н3	0.9300
C5—C4	1.367 (5)	С9—Н9	0.9300
С5—С6	1.374 (5)	C10—H10	0.9300
N3—N4	1.352 (4)	C13—H13	0.9300
N3—C4	1.341 (4)	С7—Н7	0.9300
N4—C6	1.332 (4)	C15—H15A	0.9600
N1-C1	1.337 (5)	C15—H15B	0.9600
N1—N2	1.347 (4)	C15—H15C	0.9600
N5—N6	1.341 (4)		
O1—Cu1—Cl6	68.85 (8)	N6—N5—Cu3	118.1 (2)
N1—Cu1—O1	88.80 (11)	C7—N5—Cu3	132.8 (3)
N1—Cu1—Cl6	97.90 (10)	C7—N5—N6	108.0 (3)
N1—Cu1—N7	92.60 (13)	C1—C2—Cl2	126.4 (3)
N7—Cu1—O1	174.64 (11)	C3—C2—Cl2	127.5 (3)
N7—Cu1—Cl6	105.83 (10)	C3—C2—C1	106.1 (3)
N6—Cu1—O1	89.16 (11)	N7 <sup>i</sup> —N7—Cu1	120.03 (9)
N6—Cu1—Cl6	92.69 (10)	N7 <sup>i</sup> —N7—C13	108.5 (2)
N6—Cu1—N1	167.67 (14)	C13—N7—Cu1	131.2 (3)
N6—Cu1—N7	90.55 (13)	C11—C12—Cl4	126.8 (3)
O1—Cu2—Cl6	64.64 (7)	C10-C12-Cl4	126.9 (3)
N3—Cu2—O1	89.11 (11)	C10-C12-C11	106.2 (3)
N3—Cu2—Cl6	90.76 (11)	C5—C4—H4	125.7
N3—Cu2—N2	168.32 (14)	N3—C4—C5	108.7 (3)
N3—Cu2—N9 <sup>i</sup>	92.22 (13)	N3—C4—H4	125.7
N2—Cu2—O1	87.86 (11)	C10—N8—Cu3	129.7 (3)

N2—Cu2—Cl6	98.10 (11)	C10—N8—N9	108.0 (3)
N2—Cu2—N9 <sup>i</sup>	92.65 (13)	N9—N8—Cu3	120.8 (2)
N9 <sup>i</sup> —Cu2—O1	170.36 (11)	N1—C1—C2	108.5 (3)
N9 <sup>i</sup> —Cu2—Cl6	105.78 (9)	N1—C1—H1	125.8
O1—Cu3—Cl6	67.41 (7)	C2—C1—H1	125.8
N4—Cu3—O1	88.20 (11)	N5—N6—Cu1	119.1 (2)
N4—Cu3—Cl6	95.32 (11)	C9—N6—Cu1	131.2 (3)
N4—Cu3—N5	171.42 (14)	C9—N6—N5	108.4 (3)
N4—Cu3—N8	92.93 (12)	C13 <sup>i</sup> —C14—C15	127.2 (2)
N5—Cu3—O1	88.99 (11)	C13—C14—C15	127.2 (2)
N5—Cu3—Cl6	91.07 (12)	C13 <sup>i</sup> —C14—C13	105.6 (5)
N5—Cu3—N8	90.38 (13)	C9—C8—Cl3	126.8 (3)
N8—Cu3—O1	176.34 (11)	C9—C8—C7	105.5 (3)
N8—Cu3—Cl6	109.00 (9)	C7—C8—C13	127.7 (3)
Cu1—O1—Cu2	102.70 (10)	С5—С6—Н6	125.5
Cu1—O1—Cu3	103.49 (10)	N4—C6—C5	108.9 (3)
Cu2—O1—Cu3	105.62 (10)	N4—C6—H6	125.5
C15—O1—Cu1	114.7 (2)	N1—N2—Cu2	115.6 (2)
C15—O1—Cu2	113.9 (2)	C3—N2—Cu2	134.8 (3)
C15—O1—Cu3	115.0 (2)	C3—N2—N1	108.5 (3)
Cu1 <sup>i</sup> —Cl6—Cu1	87.60 (10)	C12—C11—H11	125.6
Cu1 <sup>i</sup> —Cl6—Cu2	138.95 (6)	N9—C11—C12	108.9 (3)
Cu1—Cl6—Cu2 <sup>i</sup>	138.95 (6)	N9-C11-H11	125.6
$Cu1^{i}$ — $Cl6$ — $Cu2^{i}$	78.02 (2)	С2—С3—Н3	125.6
Cu1—Cl6—Cu2	78.02 (2)	N2—C3—C2	108.8 (3)
$Cu1^{i}$ — $Cl6$ — $Cu3^{i}$	81.39 (2)	N2—C3—H3	125.6
Cu1—Cl6—Cu3	81.39 (2)	N6—C9—C8	109.0 (3)
Cu1—Cl6—Cu3 <sup>i</sup>	136.85 (6)	N6—C9—H9	125.5
Cu1 <sup>i</sup> —Cl6—Cu3	136.85 (6)	С8—С9—Н9	125.5
Cu2 <sup>i</sup> —Cl6—Cu2	135.50 (12)	C12—C10—H10	125.7
Cu3 <sup>i</sup> —Cl6—Cu2	83.43 (5)	N8—C10—C12	108.5 (3)
$Cu3^{i}$ — $Cl6$ — $Cu2^{i}$	79.05 (4)	N8—C10—H10	125.7
Cu3—Cl6—Cu2 <sup>i</sup>	83.43 (5)	N7—C13—C14	108.7 (4)
Cu3—Cl6—Cu2	79.05 (4)	N7—C13—H13	125.7
Cu3 <sup>i</sup> —Cl6—Cu3	132.63 (12)	C14—C13—H13	125.7
C4—C5—Cl1	126.5 (3)	N5—C7—C8	109.0 (4)
C4—C5—C6	106.0 (3)	N5—C7—H7	125.5
C6—C5—Cl1	127.6 (3)	С8—С7—Н7	125.5
N4—N3—Cu2	120.5 (2)	N8—N9—Cu2 <sup>i</sup>	120.5 (2)
C4—N3—Cu2	131.1 (3)	C11—N9—Cu2 <sup>i</sup>	130.8 (3)
C4—N3—N4	108.3 (3)	C11—N9—N8	108.4 (3)
N3—N4—Cu3	118.1 (2)	O1—C15—H15A	109.5
C6—N4—Cu3	133.5 (3)	O1—C15—H15B	109.5
C6—N4—N3	108.2 (3)	O1—C15—H15C	109.5
C1—N1—Cu1	131.9 (3)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C1—N1—N2	108.1 (3)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
N2—N1—Cu1	120.0 (2)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5

Cu1—N1—C1—C2	-176.5 (3)	N4—N3—C4—C5	1.0 (4)
Cu1—N1—N2—Cu2	-12.9 (4)	N1—N2—C3—C2	0.1 (5)
Cu1—N1—N2—C3	177.1 (3)	N5—N6—C9—C8	0.1 (5)
Cu1—N7—C13—C14	174.5 (2)	N7 <sup>i</sup> —N7—C13—C14	0.6 (5)
Cu1—N6—C9—C8	-166.4 (3)	C12-C11-N9-Cu2 <sup>i</sup>	173.2 (3)
Cu2—N3—N4—Cu3	-7.5 (4)	C12-C11-N9-N8	0.0 (4)
Cu2—N3—N4—C6	177.2 (2)	C4—C5—C6—N4	0.7 (4)
Cu2—N3—C4—C5	-176.4 (3)	C4—N3—N4—Cu3	174.8 (2)
Cu2—N2—C3—C2	-167.2 (3)	C4—N3—N4—C6	-0.5 (4)
Cu3—N4—C6—C5	-174.5 (3)	C1—N1—N2—Cu2	169.6 (3)
Cu3—N5—N6—Cu1	-1.4 (4)	C1—N1—N2—C3	-0.4 (5)
Cu3—N5—N6—C9	-169.8 (3)	C1—C2—C3—N2	0.3 (5)
Cu3—N5—C7—C8	167.7 (3)	N6—N5—C7—C8	0.4 (5)
Cu3—N8—C10—C12	-165.8 (3)	C6—C5—C4—N3	-1.0 (4)
Cu3—N8—N9—Cu2 <sup>i</sup>	-6.7 (4)	N2—N1—C1—C2	0.6 (5)
Cu3—N8—N9—C11	167.3 (3)	C11-C12-C10-N8	0.1 (5)
Cl1—C5—C4—N3	178.9 (3)	C3—C2—C1—N1	-0.6 (5)
Cl1—C5—C6—N4	-179.2 (3)	C9—C8—C7—N5	-0.4 (6)
Cl4—C12—C11—N9	-176.8 (3)	C10-C12-C11-N9	0.0 (5)
Cl4—C12—C10—N8	176.9 (3)	C10-N8-N9-Cu2 <sup>i</sup>	-173.9 (3)
Cl2—C2—C1—N1	-179.4 (3)	C10-N8-N9-C11	0.1 (4)
Cl2—C2—C3—N2	179.1 (3)	C13 <sup>i</sup> —C14—C13—N7	-0.24 (19)
Cl3—C8—C9—N6	177.6 (3)	C7—N5—N6—Cu1	168.1 (3)
Cl3—C8—C7—N5	-177.8 (4)	C7—N5—N6—C9	-0.3 (5)
Cl5—C14—C13—N7	179.76 (19)	C7—C8—C9—N6	0.2 (6)
N3—N4—C6—C5	-0.1 (4)	N9—N8—C10—C12	-0.1 (4)

Symmetry code: (i) -x, y, -z+1/2.

### Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A	
C1—H1···Cl4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.75	3.586 (4)	149	
C6—H6…Cl3 <sup>iii</sup>	0.93	2.81	3.466 (4)	129	
C15—H15A····Cl3 <sup>iv</sup>	0.96	2.82	3.651 (4)	146	

Symmetry codes: (ii) *x*-1/2, *y*+1/2, *-z*+1/2; (iii) *-x*+1/2, *y*-1/2, *z*; (iv) *-x*+1/2, *-y*+1/2, *z*+1/2.